

Simplified Evolution of Brakes and Brake-Lights

 No Brake Lights on Early Russian Bikes - Original M-72's and early K-750's Rear Foot-Pedal Brake-Switch Sidecar - Started in Late 1950's with M-72M's and later K-750's Rear Light Dual Front Handlebar and Rear Foot-Pedal Brake-Switches Assembly - Started in Late 1960's with later M-63's (Ural-2) Ural and Dnepr Used Front and Rear Drum Brakes - Ural Added Brembo Front Disc Brakes in 2003 Stop - Rear and Sidecar Still Use Drum Brakes to Brake Lights **Ianition** Switch **Fuse** No Brake-Switch (Late 1940's) Bike Rear Foot Brake-Switch Rear Light Pos + (Assembly **Battery** (Late 1950's) Stop Run Neg -Rear Foot Brake-Switch **Chassis Ground** Screw Terminal Front Hand Brake-Switch

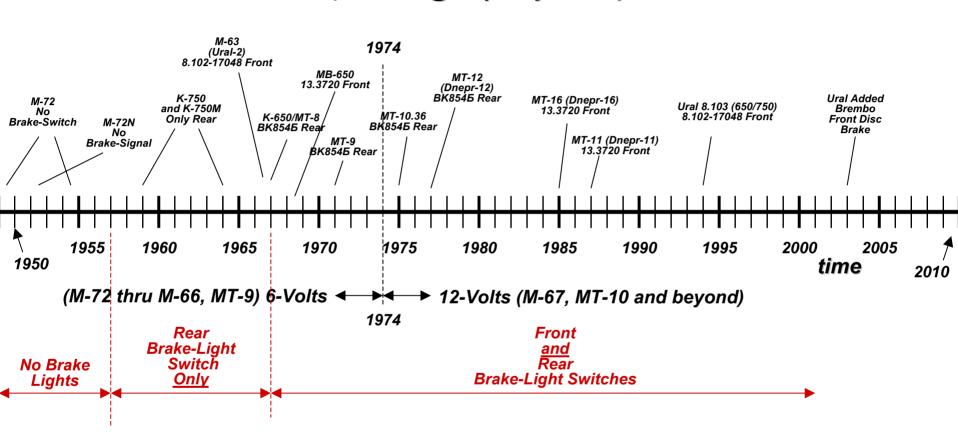
The handlebar brake light-switch is electrically in parallel with the foot-pedal brake light-switch.

Table I: IMZ (ИМЗ) - Ural (Урал) and KMZ (КМЗ) - Dnepr (Днепр) Brake Switches

| Mfgr | Model | Year | Engine Size (cm³ / inch³) | Hand (Front) Brake-Switch | Foot (Rear) Brake-Switch | Voltage | Brake Lamp |
|-------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| Ural | M-72 | 1941-56 | 746 / 45.3 SV | - | - Later: ВК 854 Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-72K | 1954-60 | 746 / 45.3 SV | _ | - Later: ВК 854 Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-72M | 1956-60 | 746 / 45.3 SV | | - Later: ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-61 | 1958-60 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - | ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-62 | 1960-65 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - | ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-63 (Ural-2) | 1965-68 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - Later: 8.102-17048 | ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-66 (Ural-3) | 1968-72 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - | IMZ-8.102-17048 | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-67 | 1973-75 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | Later: IMZ-8.102-17048 | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | M-67.36 | 1976-95 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | Later: IMZ-8.102-17048 | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | 8.103, 8.107 Series "650" | 1994-2002 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | IMZ-8.102-17048 | IMZ-8.102-17048 | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | 8.103 "750"Series | 2003-present | 745 / 45.2 OHV | IMZ-8.102-17048 | IMZ-8.102-17048 | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | M-72 | 1952-56 | 746 / 45.3 SV | - | - Later: ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | M-72N | 1956-58 | 746 / 45.3 SV | - | - Later: ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | K-750 | 1959-63 | 746 / 45.3 SV | - | ВК854Б, <i>Later:</i> 65018950 | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | K-750M | 1964-77 | 746 / 45.3 SV | - | ВК854Б, <i>Later: 65018950</i> | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | MB-750 | 1964-73 | 746 / 45.3 SV | | ВК854Б, <i>Later:</i> 65018950 | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | K-650/MT-8 | 1967-70 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | | ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | MB-650 | 1968-91 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | 13.3720 | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| Dnepr | K-650/MT-9 | 1971-74 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - | ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A-6-21 |
| | MB-750M | 1973-77 | 746 / 45.9 SV | | ВК854Б | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | MT-10 | 1973-76 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | MB-650M | 1968-91 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | - | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | MT-10.36 | 1976-87 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | MT-12 (Dnepr-16) | 1977-85 | 746 / 45.3 SV | - | ВК854Б, <i>Later:</i> 65018950 | 6-Volt | A6-15 |
| | MT-16 (Dnepr-16) | 1985-2005 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | 13.3720 | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |
| | MT-11(Dnepr-11) | 1987-2005 | 649 / 39.4 OHV | 13.3720 | ВК854Б | 12-Volt | A-12-21 |

Ural (Урал) - Dnepr (Днепр) Brake-Switch Time-Line (01/11)

(eafranke@tampabay.rr.com)



It appears that brake-lights were added to Russian heavy motorcycles in the late 1950's, based on the schematics and manuals for Ural's M-61, M-62, M-63 and Dnepr's K-750.

Brake Lights and Switches

- Brake-Light Activated by either Front Handlebar Lever or Rear Foot Pedal
- Intermittent Sticky Hand-Brake and Foot-Brake Switches
 - -Brake Light Stays On When Brake Is Released
 - Silicone Spray Lubricant: Thin, Penetrates and Lasts
 - WD-40 Works, but Evaporates and Has To Be Re-Applied
 - Tri-Flow Gun Cleaning and Oiling: Cleans the Junk Out
- Use Clip Lead with Two Alligator Clips to Test Switch
 - -When Switch Is Energized: Short Circuit / Light On
 - -When Switch Is Un-energized: Open Circuit / Light Out
- Replacement Lamps
 - -Bike Brake Light:
 - Older Bikes (6-Volt): Replace A6-15 with 1129 (2.63-A/16.8-Watt, rated @ 21 Candle-Power)
 - Newer Bikes (12-Volt): Replace A 12-21-3 with 1156 (2.1-A/27-Watt, rated @ 32 Candle-Power)
 - -Rear Sidecar Running/Brake: 1157 (double-contact)

On modern Russian motorcycles (>1970), the hand-brake light-switch is electrically in parallel with the foot-brake light switch.

Trouble-Shooting the Brake-Light Switch (VANCE BLOSSER http://www.crawfordsales.info/ural/articles/brakeLightSwitch/)

- · Stuck Brake Light Switch: The problem is, there are 2 switches so you have to figure out which one. It turns out this isn't too hard, if you are logical about it.
- Down by the foot brake, close to the transmission, you'll see a rubber 'bulb' with 2 wires going into it. This is the rear brake-light switch. Tug the rubber cover off, you'll see 2 wires plugged onto the switch. Pull one of them off, and keep it from touching the bike anywhere (tape it up if you have to, or get a helper). Now, turn on the key. If the brake lights still come on, it's NOT this switch, go to the front switch routine.
- BACK SWITCH BAD or STUCK (light went out when you pulled the wire off): First, go ahead and remove the other wire (it doesn't matter which goes where when you put it back together). Unscrew the switch (you may have to loosen the lock nut that holds it in place). After it's out, reconnect the wires, turn on the key, and press the button in - the brake lights should go out. If they do, it's an adjustment issue - if they don't, you need a new switch. (Sometimes you can spray some WD40 in the pushbutton area and get a bit more life, but it's gonna fail again so go ahead and get a new one).
- ADJUSTING REAR BRAKELIGHT SWITCH (you got a new one or are re-installing the working one you have). Run the adjustment nut pretty far up the shaft, close to the switch housing. The idea here is that you want the switch to stick out JUST ENOUGH to push the button and kill the light, so the light will come on as soon as you press the brake pedal. A small mirror can come in handy so you can see when the button touches the brake rod tab. Use a test light, a meter, or put the wires back on and test to make sure the switch turns off when the pedal is up and turns on when down. Once you find this position, tighten the lock nut. If you turn the switch too far down the brake tab will beat on the end of it and can cause early failure. Replace the wires and the cover and drive! You may have to re-tweak the adjustment if the switch wears in a bit.
- FRONT BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH TEST same procedure as the rear, except the switch is mounted on the handlebars. Again, remove one wire and test to see if the brake lights go out - if so, this switch is bad or misadjusted. The procedure and goal is the same as the rear switch, except the switch hits the brake lever instead of the rear brake rod.
- When working, make sure the terminals do not touch the frame of the bike or you will blow the brake light fuse.

Выключатель Сигнала Торможения ВК854Б: Rear-Brake Light-Switch







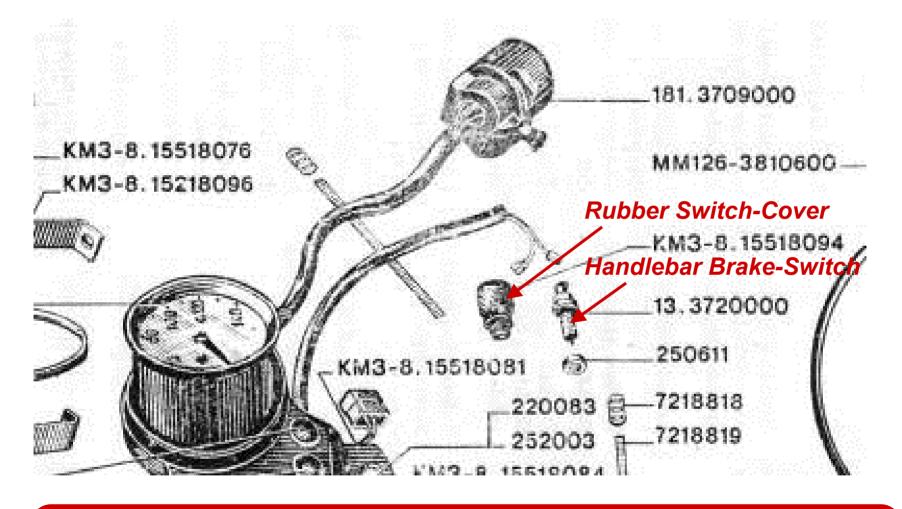






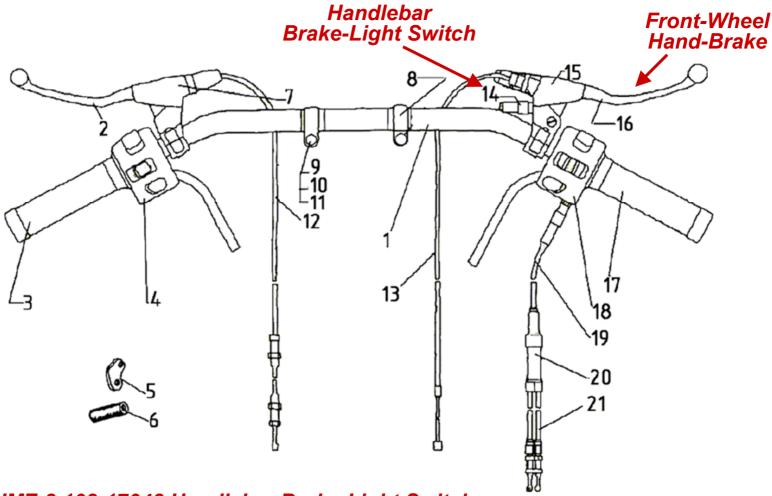
The classic BK8545 brake-light switch is found on most Urals and Dneprs. It is connected to the foot-pedal by a spring.

Dnepr MB-650, MT-11 and MT-16 Handlebar Brake-Light Switch 13.3720000



The Dnepr MB-650, MT-11 and MT-16 introduced the handlebar brake-light switch, electrically in parallel with the foot-brake light switch.

2003 Ural Hand Brake



14. Part# IMZ-8.102-17048 Handlebar Brake-Light Switch

14A. Part# 250511-P29 Nut M8x1

15. Part# IMZ-8.103-18834 Rubber jacket

16. Part# 3040.04.00 Lever, RH

On newer bikes, the handlebar light-switch is screwed into the brake lever assembly, replacing the 13.37200.

Handlebar-Brake Light-Switch

Ural: IMZ-8.102-17048 Dnepr: 13.3720000



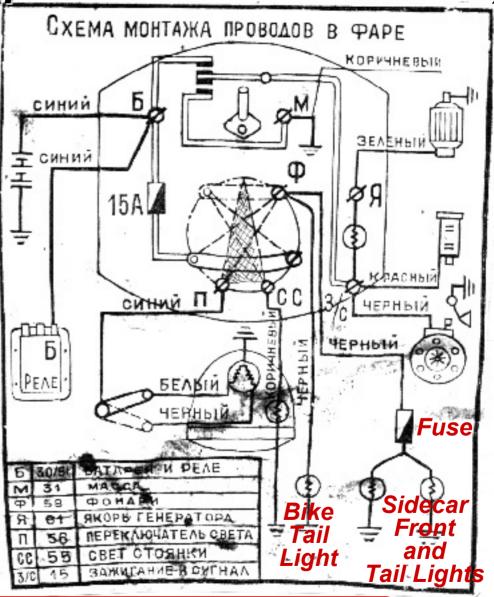


The handlebar-brake light-switch is electrically in parallel with the foot-pedal brake light-switch.

German BMW R-71 (predecessor to the M-72)

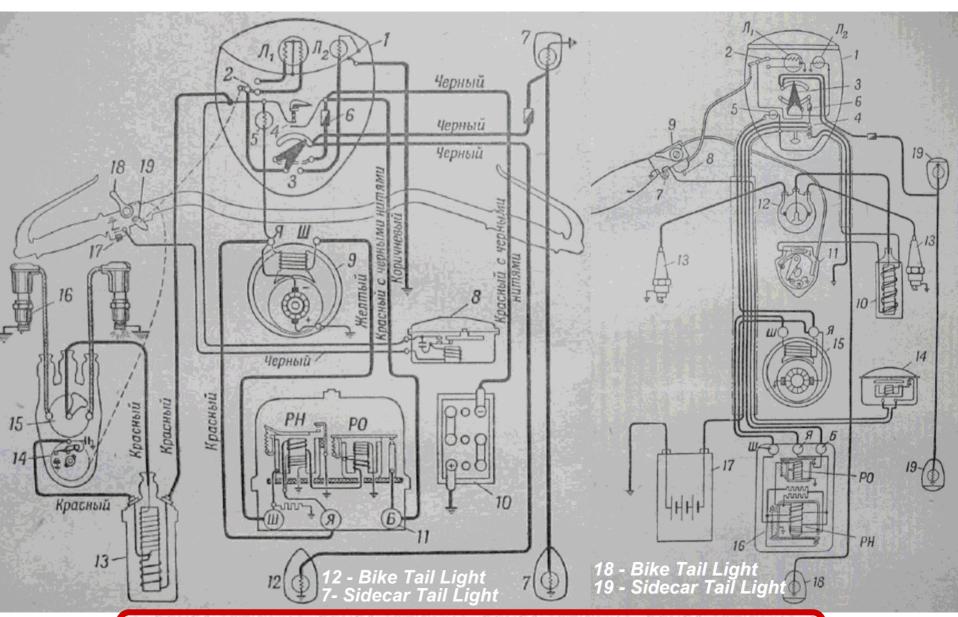
• R-71 Production: 1938-1941





The Russian M-72, a copy of the German R-71, did <u>not</u> have any brake-light switches.

Original Ural M-72 with PP-1 Regulator Later Ural M-72 with PP-31 Regulator



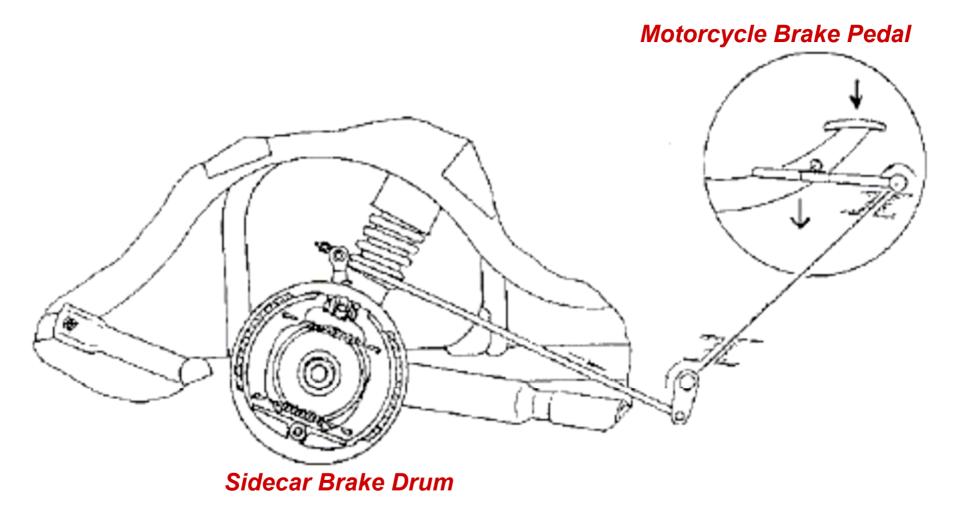
Both the original (1941) and later (1949) Ural M-72's didn't have any brake-light switches.

Front and Rear Drum Brakes on M-72 моза 2 - разжимной кулак 3 - тяга, 4 - барашек, - вми чини рычат, 6 - не кать ножного тормоза. Okano 32° Rear Brake Mechanism Tooc Front Brake Mechanism 30°±10° L55±0,25 Rear Brake Mechanism

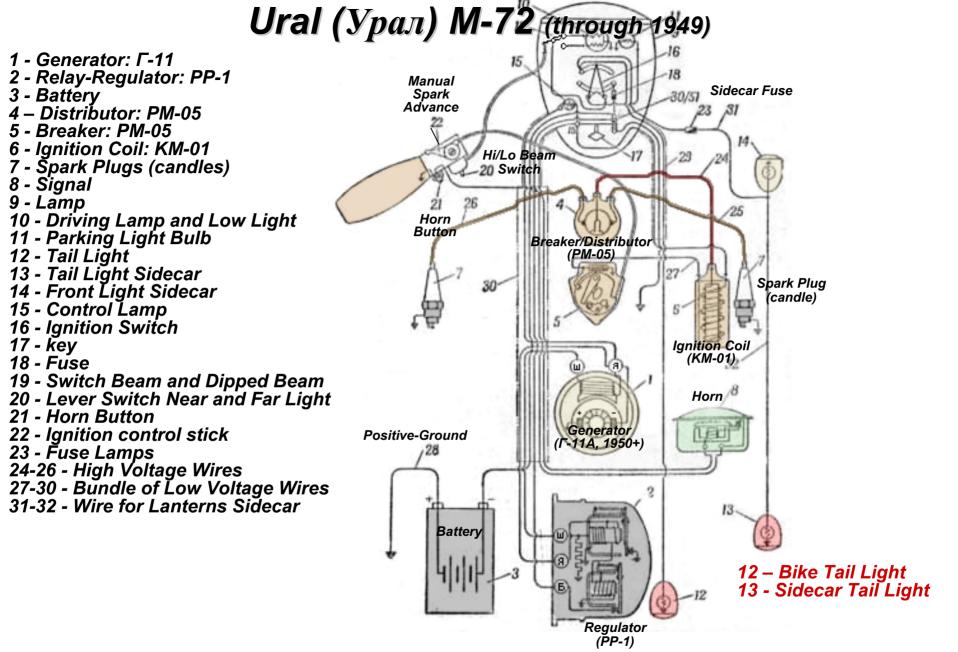
The front wheel brake, prior to disc brakes, was driven with a wire cable, while the rear brake was driven by a rigid linkage system.

170±0.25

Sidecar Wheel Brake (Ural-2 Manual)

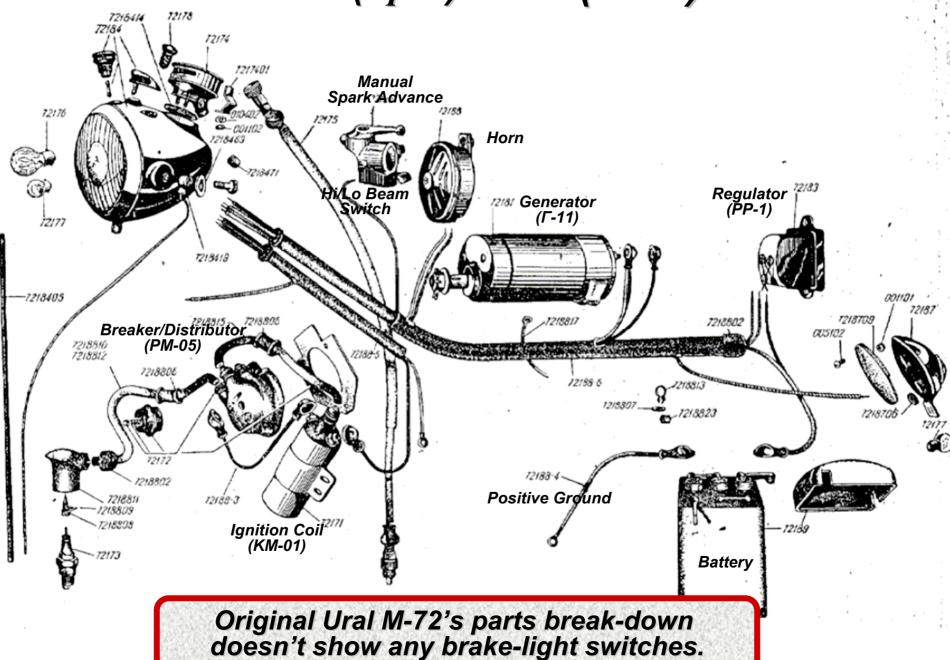


The foot lever links to rear and sidecar drum brakes by a rigid linkage system.



Original Ural M-72's didn't have any brake-light switches.

Ural (Урал) M-72 (1942)



M-72 Tail-Light (www.ural-zentrale.de)



<u>without</u> brake light and license number illumination



with brake light and license number illumination

The M-72 tail-light assembly has evolved from the simple tail-light to an assembly with a brake-light.

Tail Light for MT-12 and K-750 (www.ural-zentrale.de)



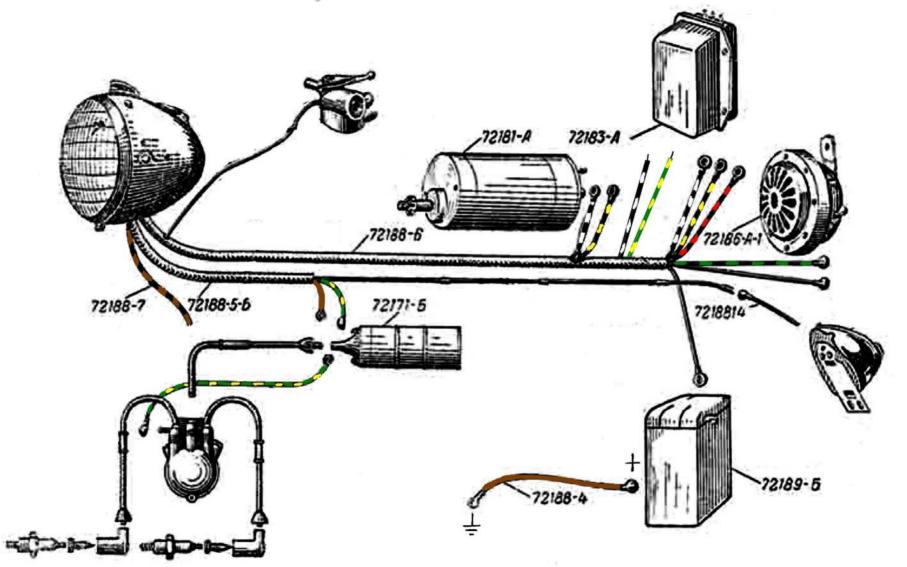
without brake light



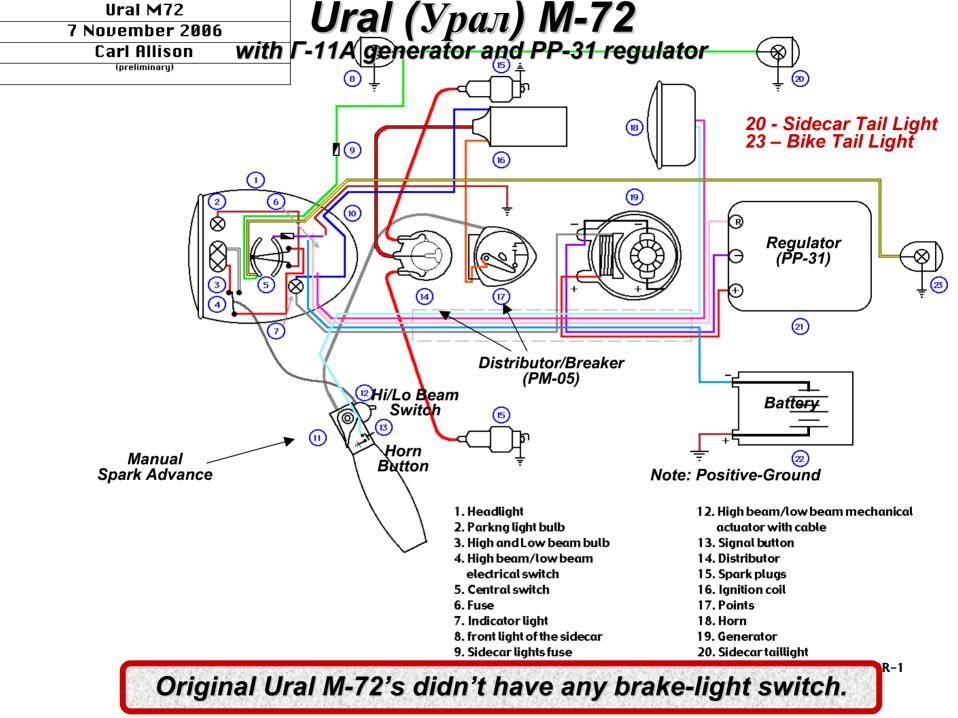
with brake light

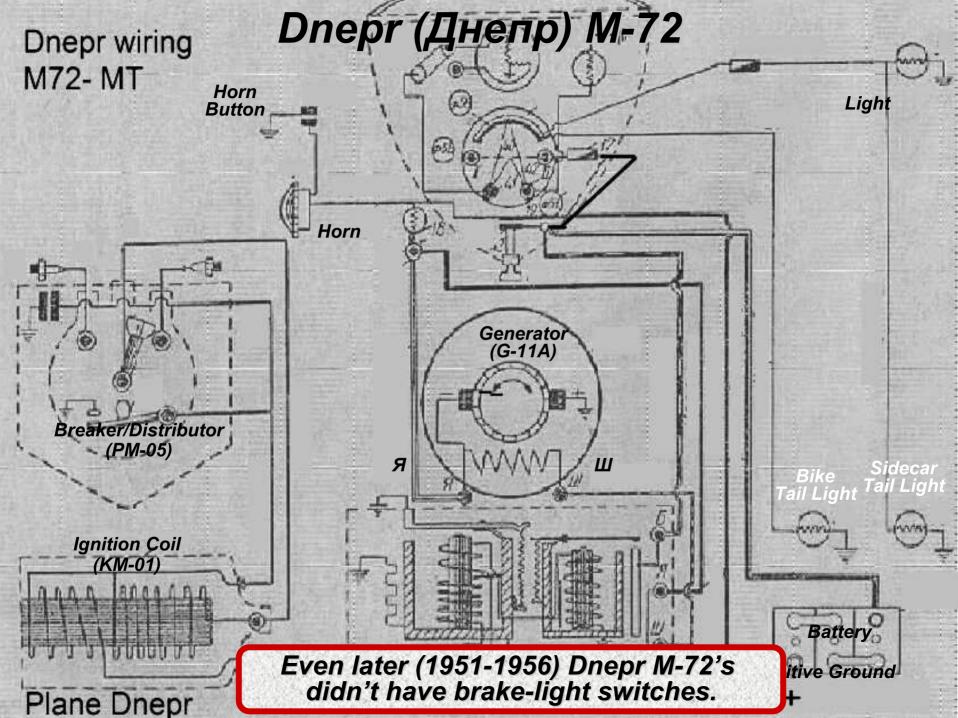
Early models did not have brake lights, but were added later with brake switches and wiring harness changes.

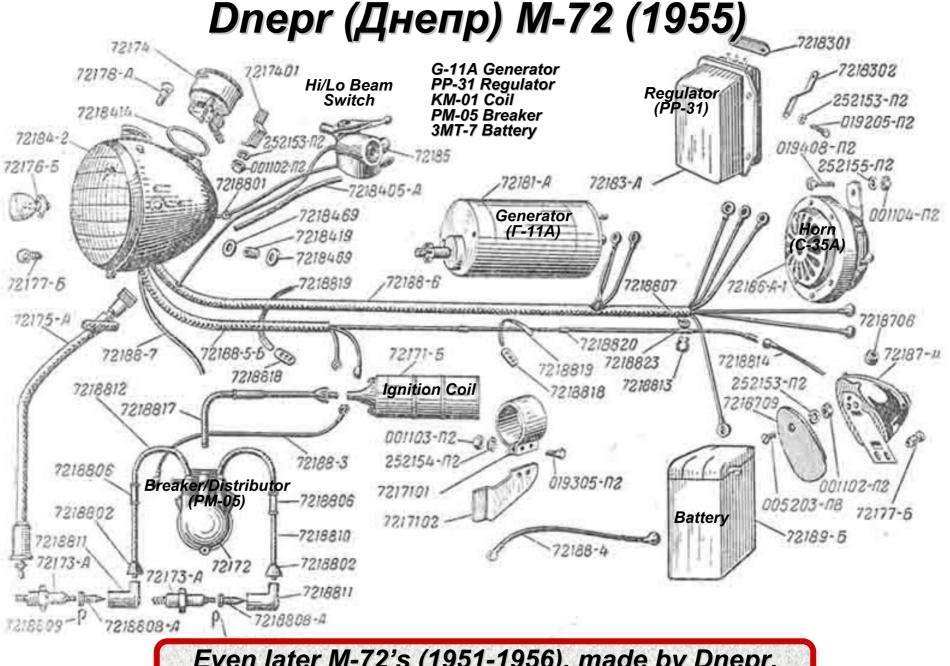
M-72 after 1950, with rear horn (www.oldtimergarage.eu)



Original Ural M-72's parts break-down didn't show any brake-light switch.







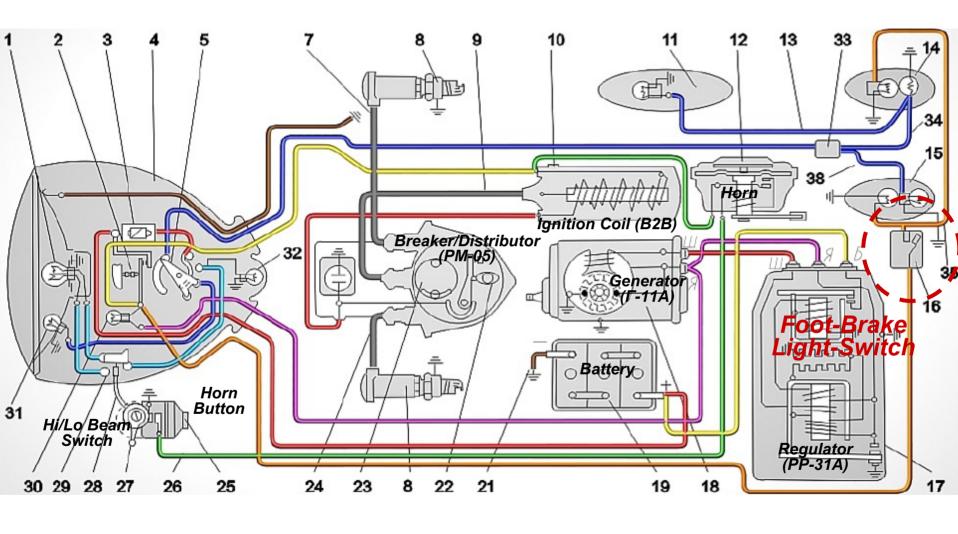
Even later M-72's (1951-1956), made by Dnepr, didn't have any brake-light switches.

M-72 Brake System with Pedal, Lever and Brake Light-Switch (www.ural-hamburg.de)



Kits are available to add a brake-light to the M-72.
The brake-light switch operates off a cam on the axle
of the brake-pedal lever.

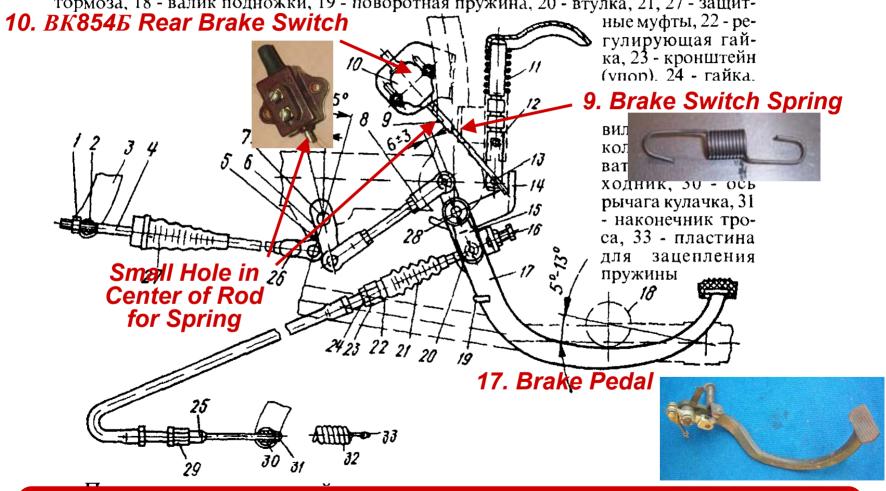
Dnepr (Днепр) Early K-750



Early K-75, K-750M and MT-12 used only the foot-pedal brake-switch to activate the rear brake-light.

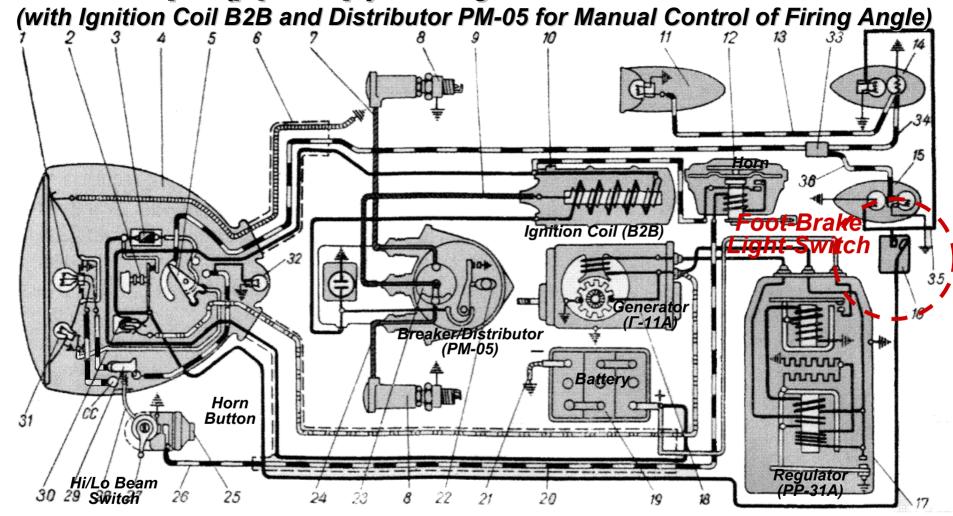
Spring (пружины) for ВК854Б Rear Brake Switch

Рис. 5.26. Привод тормозов заднего колеса и колеса коляски: 1 - гайка, 2 - ось рычага, 3 - рычаг кулачка тормоза, 4 - задняя тяга, 5 - внутренний рычаг, 6 - внешний рычаг, 7 - промежуточный шарнир, 8 - передняя тяга в сборе, 9, 11, 32 - пружины, 10 - выключатель сигнала торможения, 12 - стержень фиксатора стояночного тормоза, 13, 16 - упорный болт фиксатора, 14 - упор педали, 15 - уравниватель; 17 - педаль тормоза, 18 - валик подножки, 19 - поворотная пружина, 20 - втулка, 21, 27 - защит-



The BK854Б foot-brake light switch is operated by a small pull-spring connected to the foot pedal.

Dnepr (Днепр) Early K-750 and K-750M

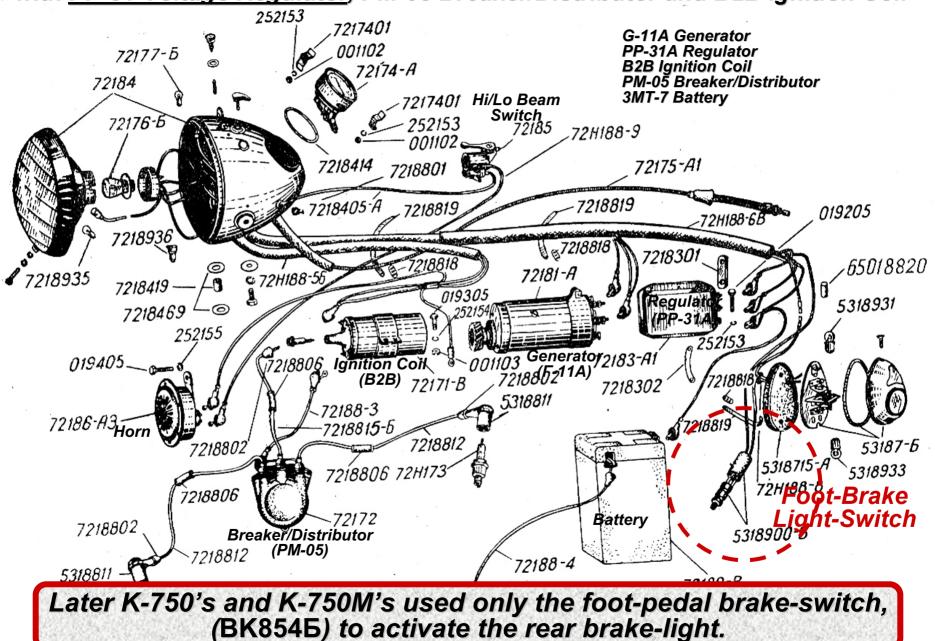


1 - lamp beam and dipped beam, 2 - key 3 - fuse 4 - lamp, 5 - central switch, 6 - wire "ground", 7 - high voltage wire, 8 - spark plugs, 9 - high voltage 10 - ignition coil, 11 - front light stroller, 12 - horn, 13 - wire front canopy sidecar, 14 - tail light sidecar, 15 - tail lamp of motorcycle, 16 - gauge stoplight, 17 - Relay-regulator, 18 - generator, 19 - battery, 20 - Low voltage wiring loom, 21 - the wire "battery - ground, 22 - breaker, 23 - valve, 24 - high voltage wire and 25 - button signal 26 - wire signal ame Early K-750, K-750M and MT-12 only used the foot-pedal brake-switch

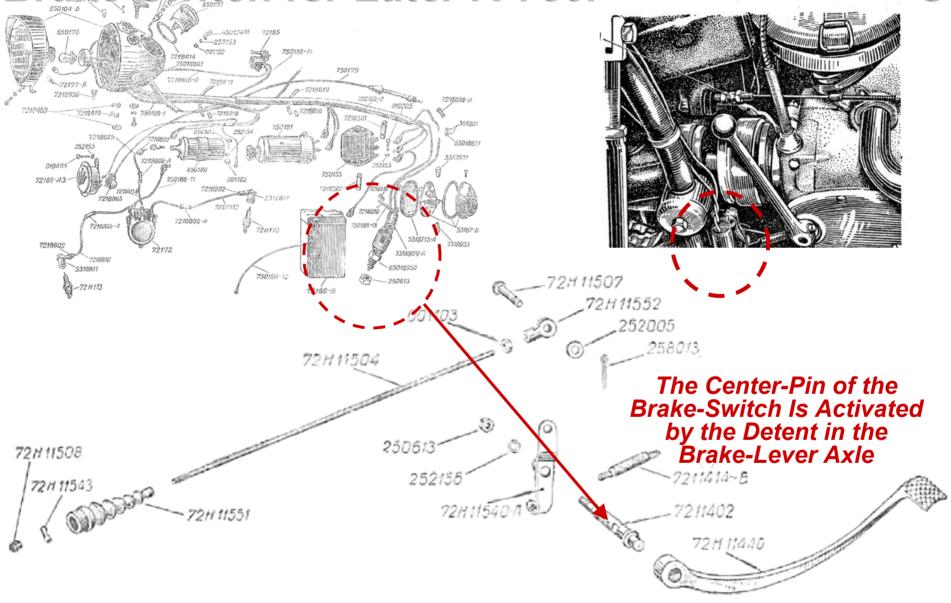
to activate the rear brake-light.

Dnepr (Днепр) Later K-750's and K-750M's

with PP-31 Voltage Regulator, PM-05 Breaker/Distributor and B2B Ignition Coil



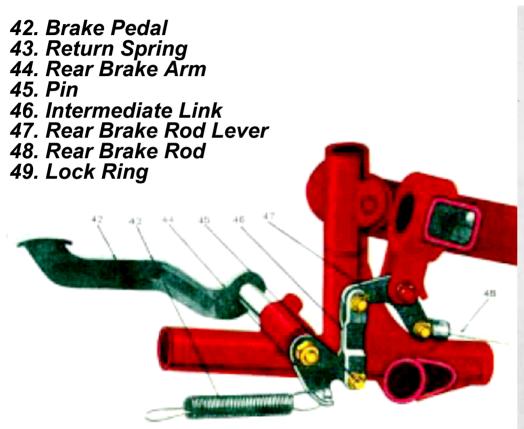
Brake-Switch for Later K-750M's and MB-750's

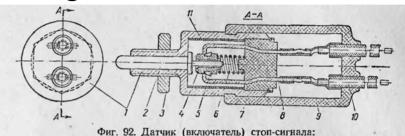


The K-750M catalog shows the cam-detent in the brake-lever, on which the brake-switch rides.

Brake Switch for Ural M-66 (Ural-3)

- Operated by Cam on Brake Lever Shaft
- Switch Screws into Hole (looks like a grease nipple)
 Operated by Cam on Pedal Shaft
 Brake Switch Mount between 45 and 46 on Diagram

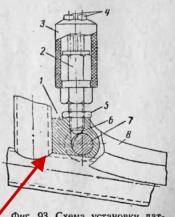




 корпус датчика (включателя) стоп-сигнала; 2 — толкатель; 3 — контргайка; 4 блок-муфта; 5— кольцевой коитакт блок-муфта; 6— пружина замыкания контактов; 7— карболитовая крышка; 8— вильчатые клеммы; 9— защитный колпачок; 10— провода клеммы; 11— изоляционная втулка.

Собранный датчик устанавливается в кронштейне рамы мотоцикла, как показано на фиг. 93 и регулируется по высоте положения в резьбовом гнезде так, чтобы толкатель 2 удерживал блок-

муфту над вильчатыми контактами с зазором по кольцевому контакту в пределах 0,5-0,7 мм при крайнем верхнем положении педали заднего тормоза. В окончательно установленном положении корпус фиксируется контргайкой 5. При этом контакты датчика, включенные в цепь по схеме электрооборудования, должны замыкаться при легком нажиме на тормозную педаль, так как вместе с педалью поворачивается и ее ось 7 (фиг. 93), имеющая кулачок, на вершине которого в этот момент должен стоять сферический торец толкателя. Правильность регулировки датчика контролируется включением ламп стоп-сигналов вследстви

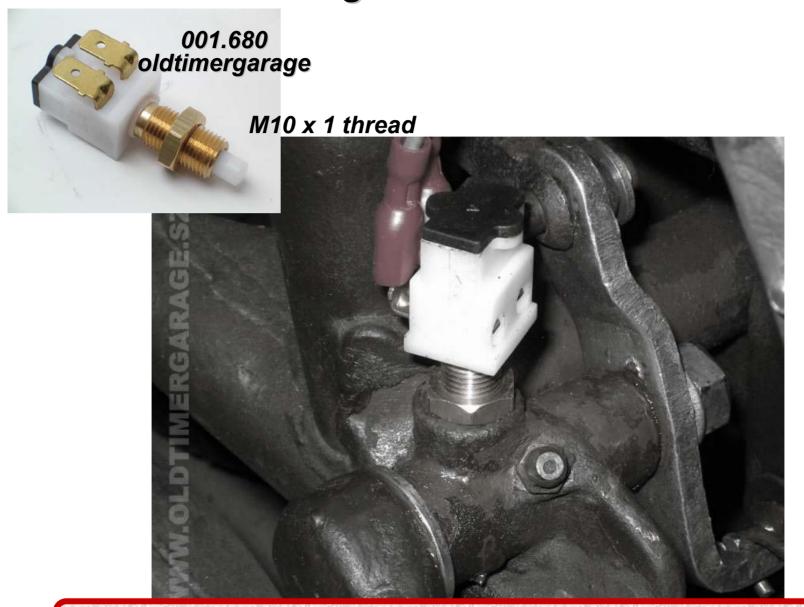


Фиг. 93. Схема установки датчика (включателя) стоп-сигнала на раме мотоцикла:

1 — кронштейн рамы; 2 — корпус датчика; 3 - резиновый кожух; 4 — провода контактов; 5 контргайка; 6 - толкатель; 7 - ось рычага заднего тормоза с кулачком включения контактов датчика; 8педаль тормоза заднего колеса.

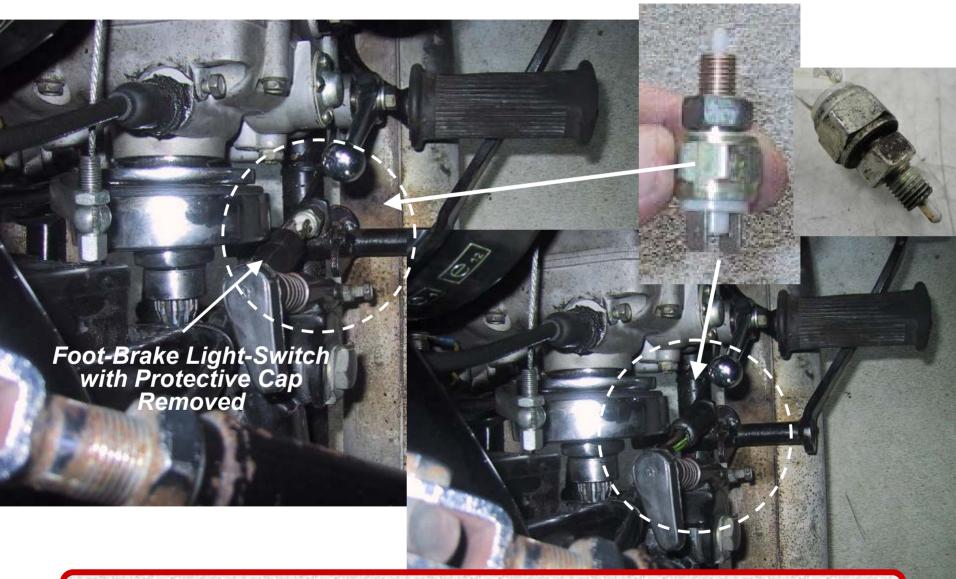
The Center-Pin of the Brake-Switch Is Activated by the Detent in the Brake-Lever Axle

Foot-Pedal Brake-Light Switch for K-750 and MB-750

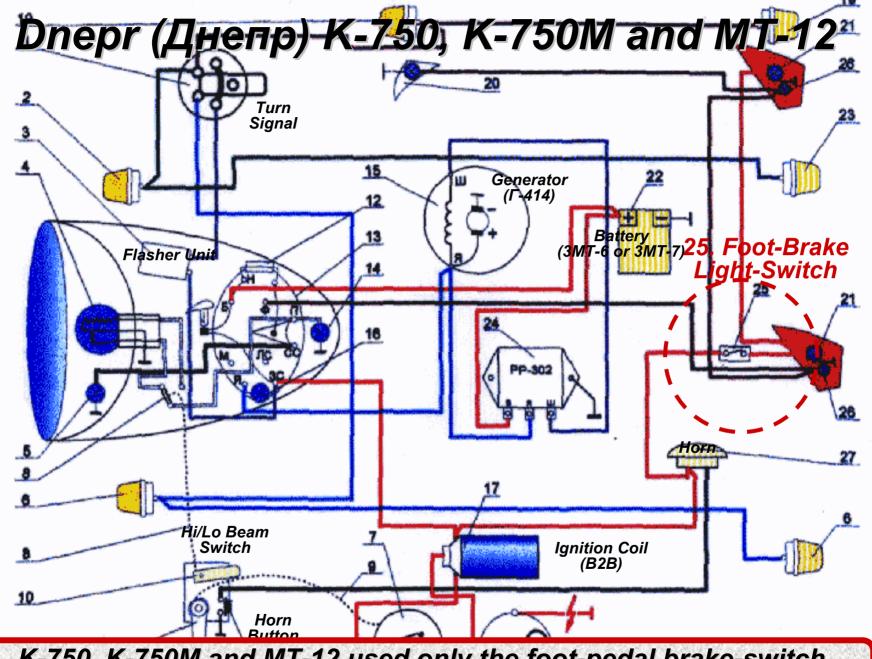


The foot-pedal light-switch is electrically operates off a cam on the axle of the brake pedal lever.

Bird's-Eye View of Foot-Brake Light-Switch on Ural 750 cm³ (" The Unofficial Ural 750cc Service Manual")

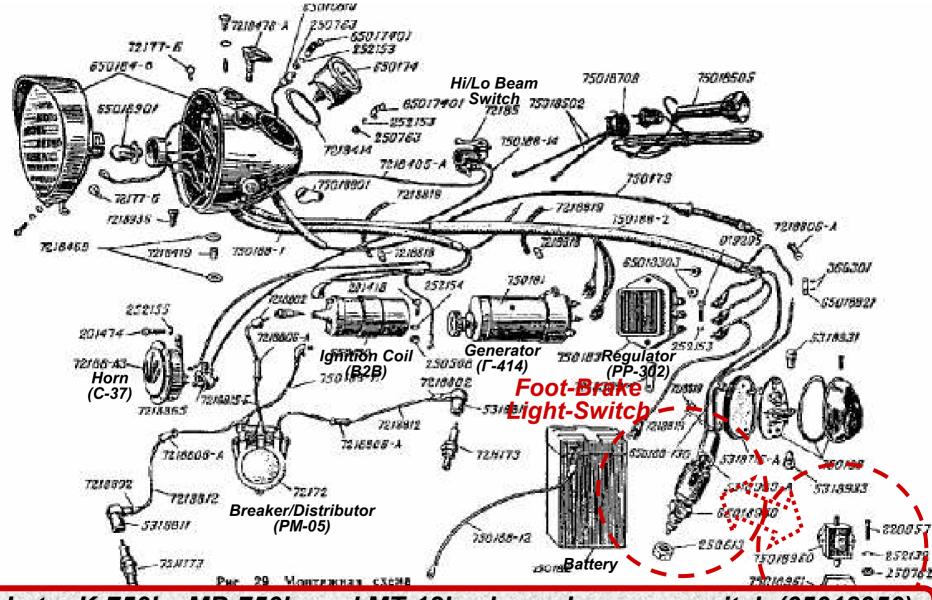


Foot-brake switch replacement is nicely covered by Bill Glaser. (http://www.myural.com/switches.htm)



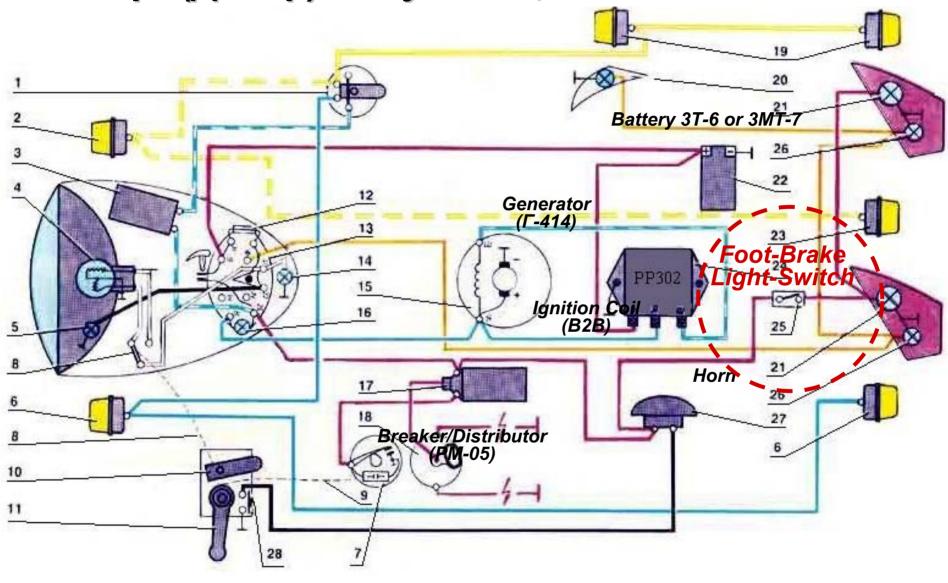
K-750, K-750M and MT-12 used only the foot-pedal brake-switch (ВК854Б) to activate the rear brake-light.

Dnepr (Днепр) Later K-750, MB-750 and MT-12 (1961)



Later K-750's, MB-750's and MT-12's showed a newer switch (65018950) replacing the classic BK8545 foot-pedal brake-switch.

Dnepr (Днепр) Early K-750, K-750M and MT-12



Early K-750, K-750M and MT-12 only used the foot-pedal brake-switch (ВК854Б) to activate the rear brake-light.

Rear Brakes (K-650 and MB-650M Manuals)

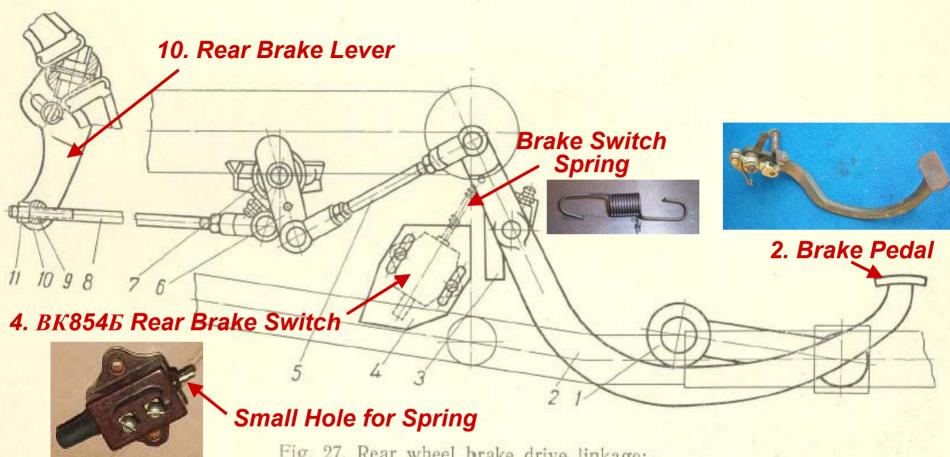
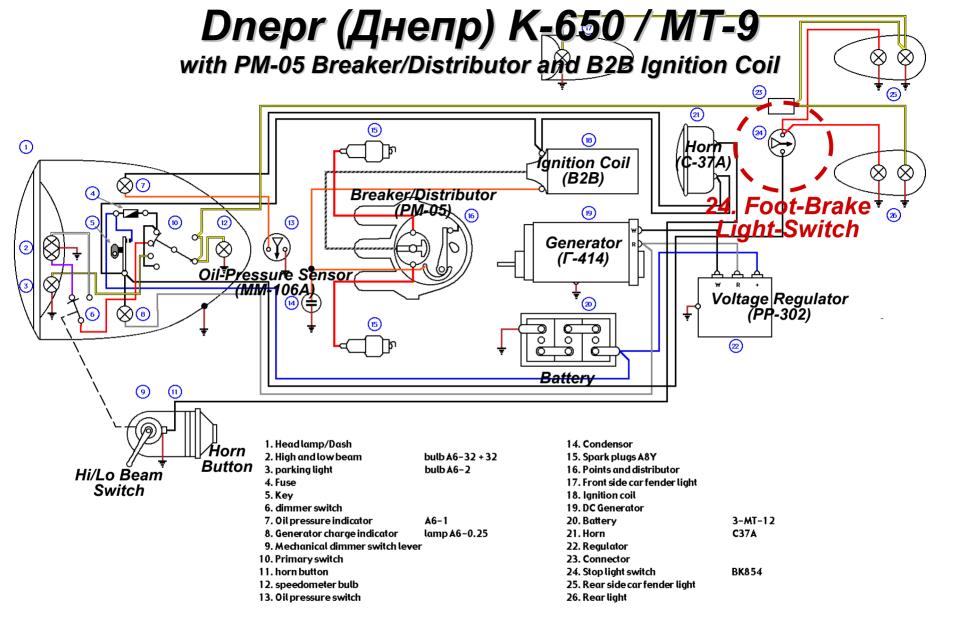


Fig. 27. Rear wheel brake drive linkage:

 1 — side support;
 2 — pedal;
 3 — pedal hinge with lubricator;
 4 — stop (brake) light switch;
 5 — front draw rod;
 6 — intermediate lever;
 7 — intermediate lever hinge Joint with lubricator;
 8 — rear draw rod;
 9 — lever axle;
 10 brake cam lever; 11 - nut

The center rod of the switch is connected by a spring to the upper arm of the foot brake pedal. When the brake is applied, the spring stretches and moves the rod which closes the electrical contacts, turning on the bike and sidecar brake-lights.



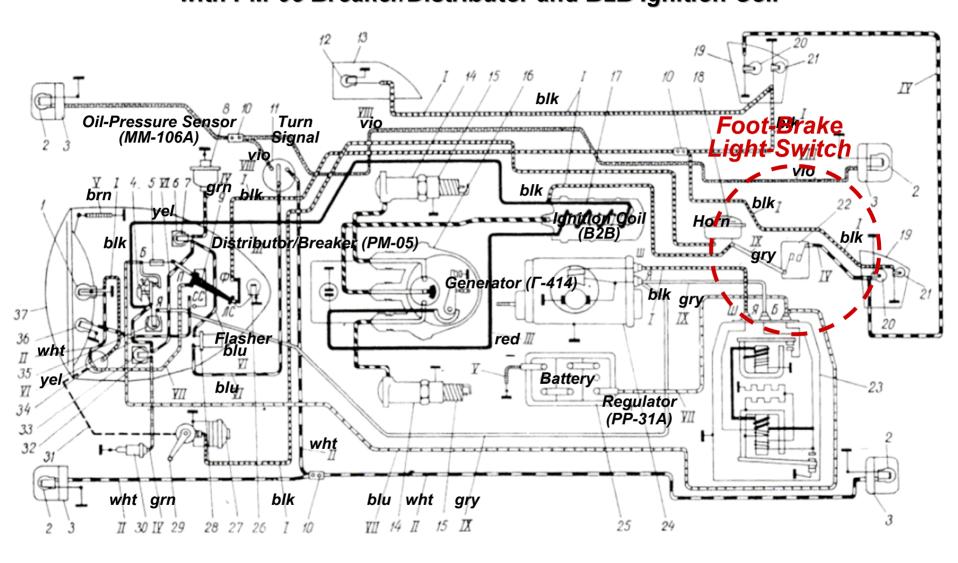
10/0 V / CO D .

Dnepr (Днепр) Later K-650 (MT-8) and MT-9 with PP-302 Regulator PM-302 Breaker and B201 Ignition Goil 20 Turn Signal Sensor Generator 13 414) /oltage Regulator (PP-302) ₹oot-Brake lasher Ignition Coil (B201)

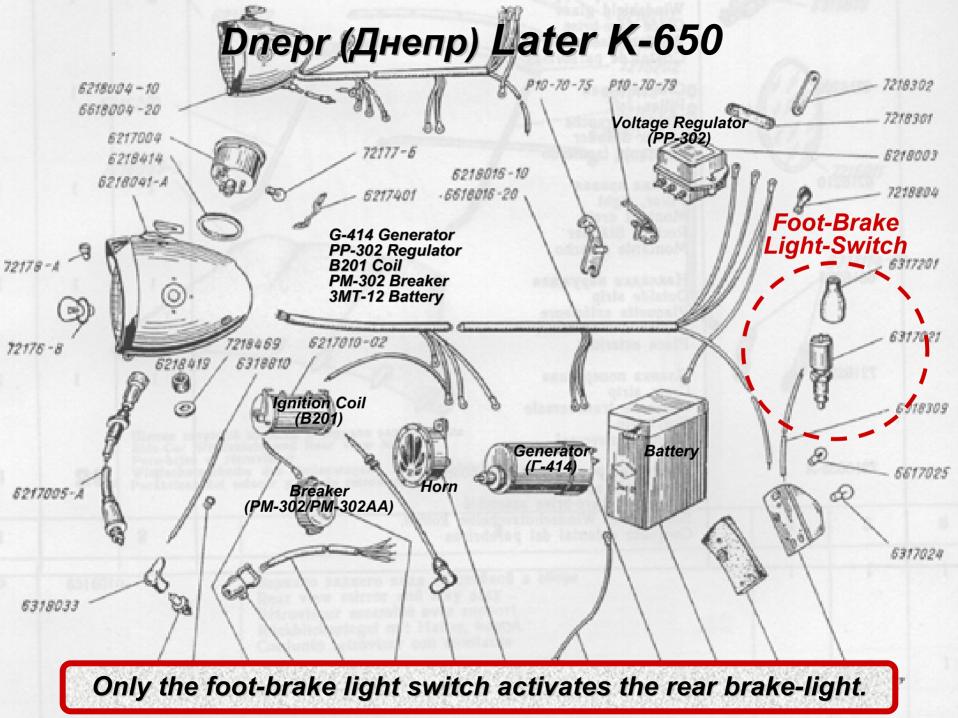
Only the foot-brake light switch activates the rear brake-light.

AN.SU

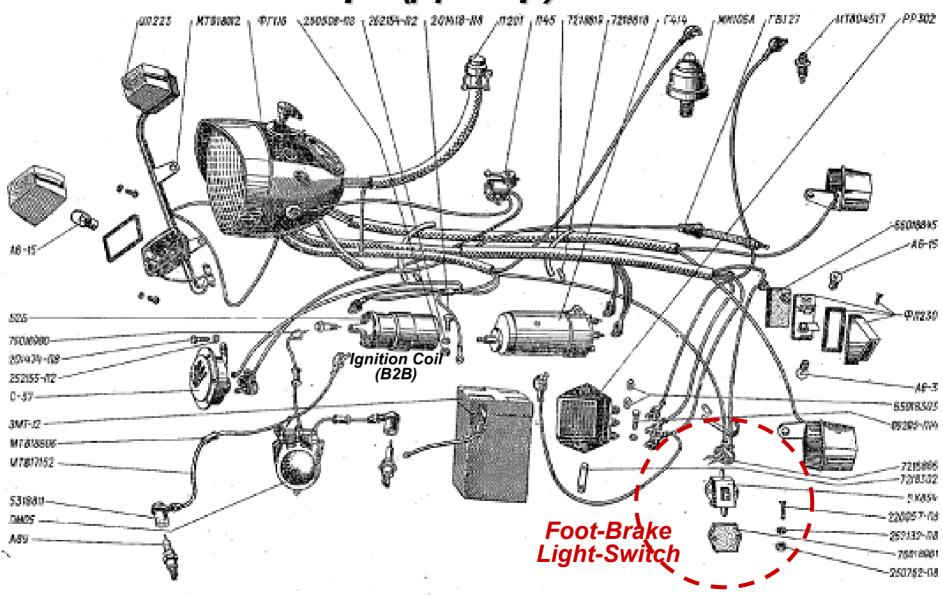
Dnepr (Днепр) Early K-650 (МТ-8) with PM-05 Breaker/Distributor and B2B Ignition Coil



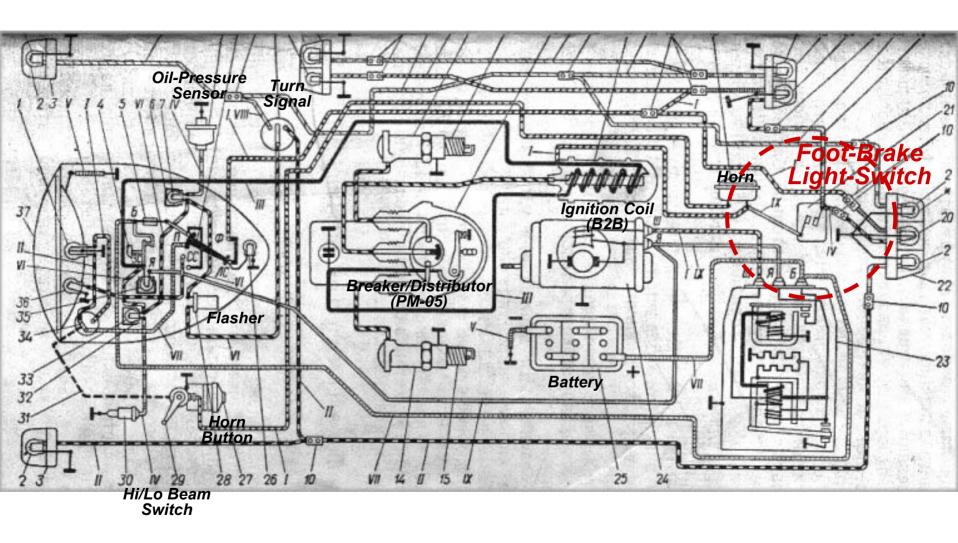
K-650's (MT-8) used only the foot-pedal brake-switch (ВК854Б) to activate the rear brake-light.

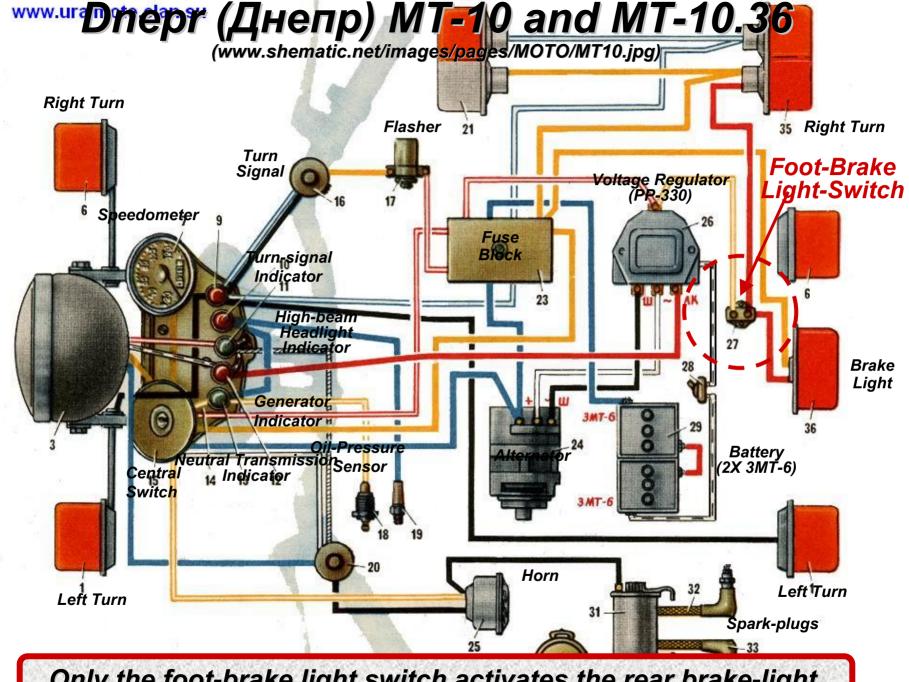


Dnepr (Днепр) MT-9



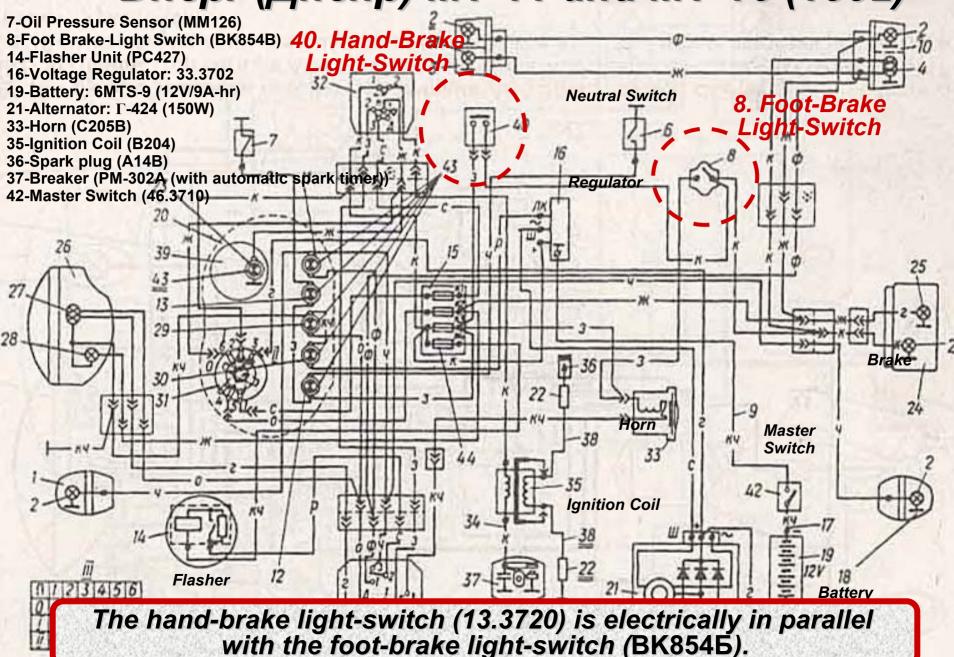
Dnepr (Днепр) MT-9



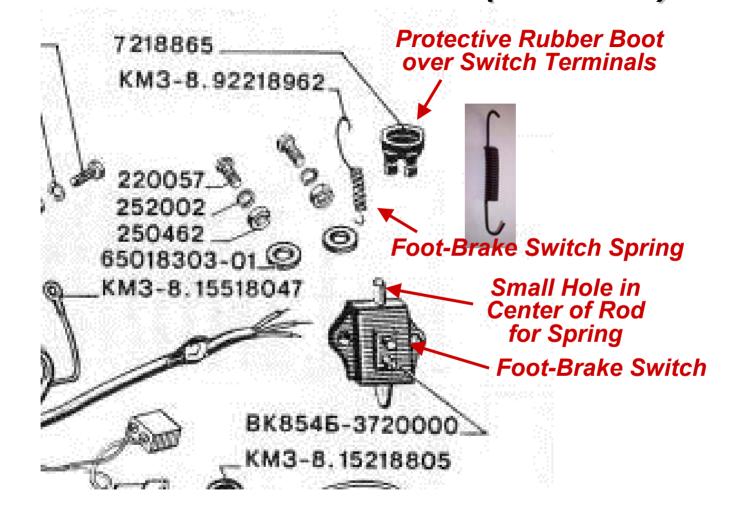


Dnepr (Днепр) MT-10 Oil-Pressure Sensor (MM-106A) A12-21-Alternator $(\Gamma - 424)$ Horn (C-38)Breaker (PM-302)Ignition Coil (B204) Voltage Regulator (PP-330) Battery (2X 3MT-6) Foot-Brake Light-Switch 282732-08

Dnepr (Днепр) MT-11 and MT-16 (1992)

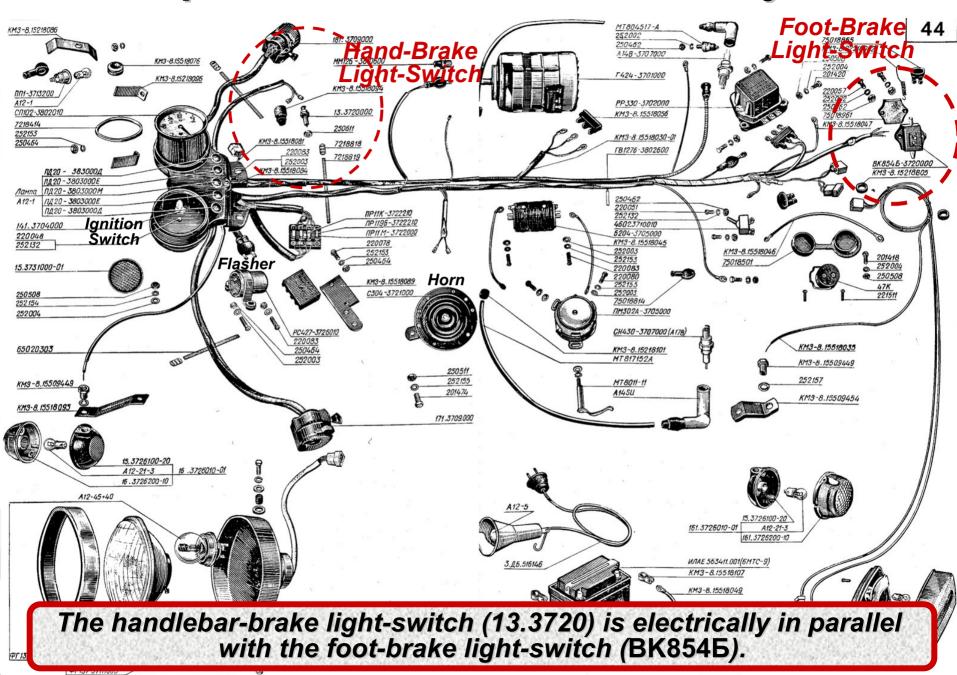


Dnepr MT-11 and MT-16 Foot-Pedal Brake-Switch (ВК854Б)

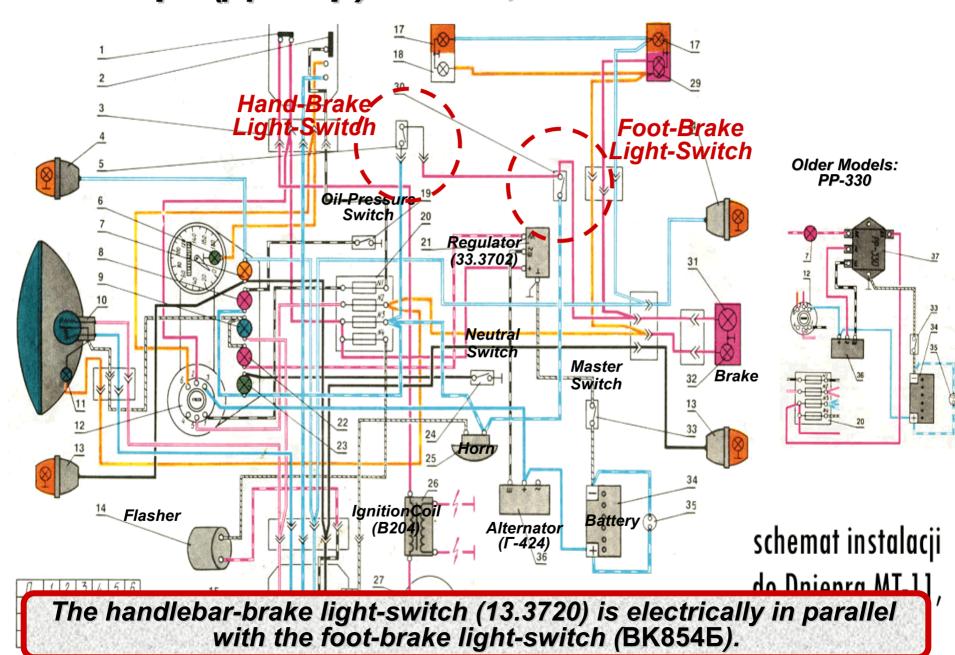


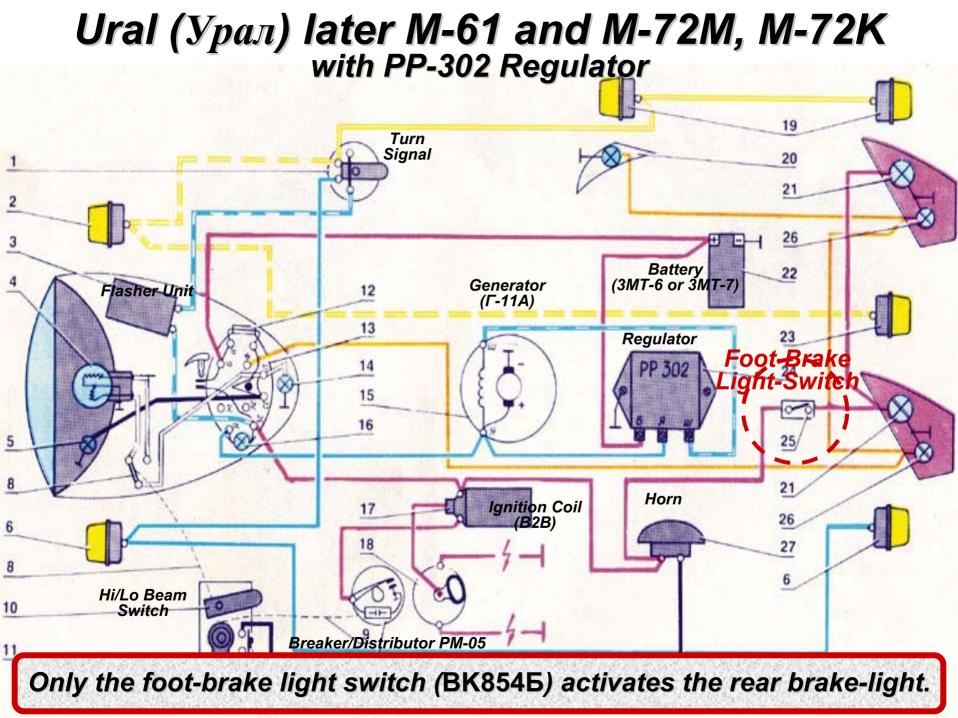
The brake-light switch (ВК854Б), enclosed in protective rubber cap, is attached with two screws to the bracket welded to the frame, right-hand lower-side tube.

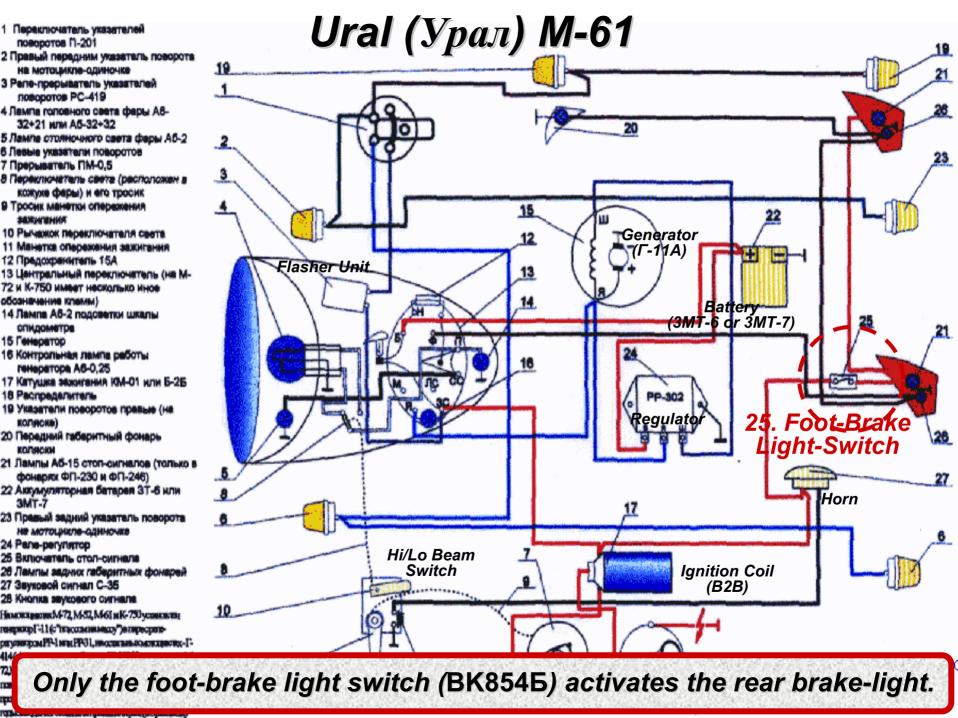
Dnepr MT-11 and MT-16 Parts Layout

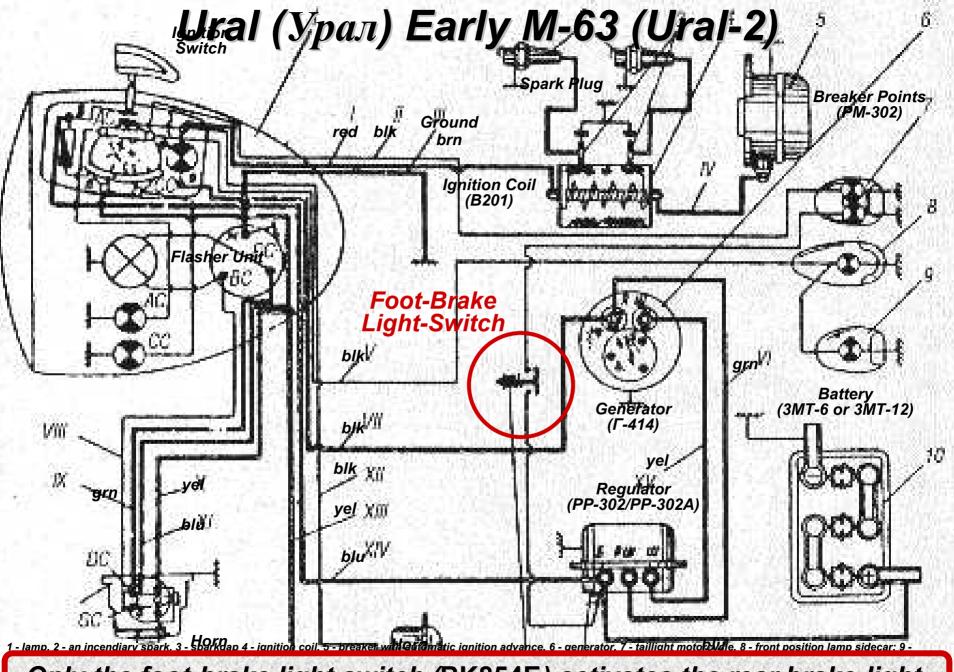


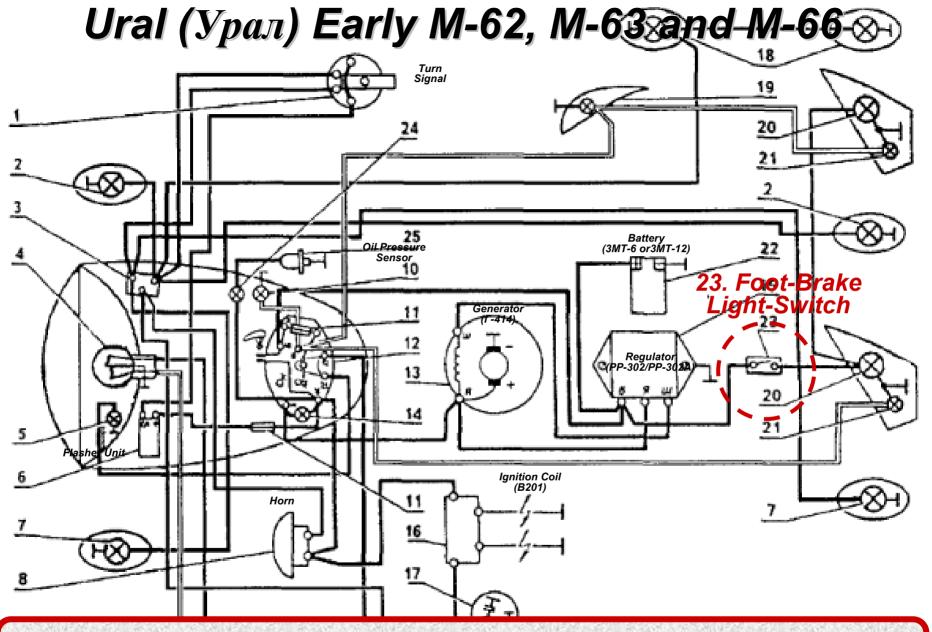
Dnepr (Днепр) MT-11, MT-14 and MT-16



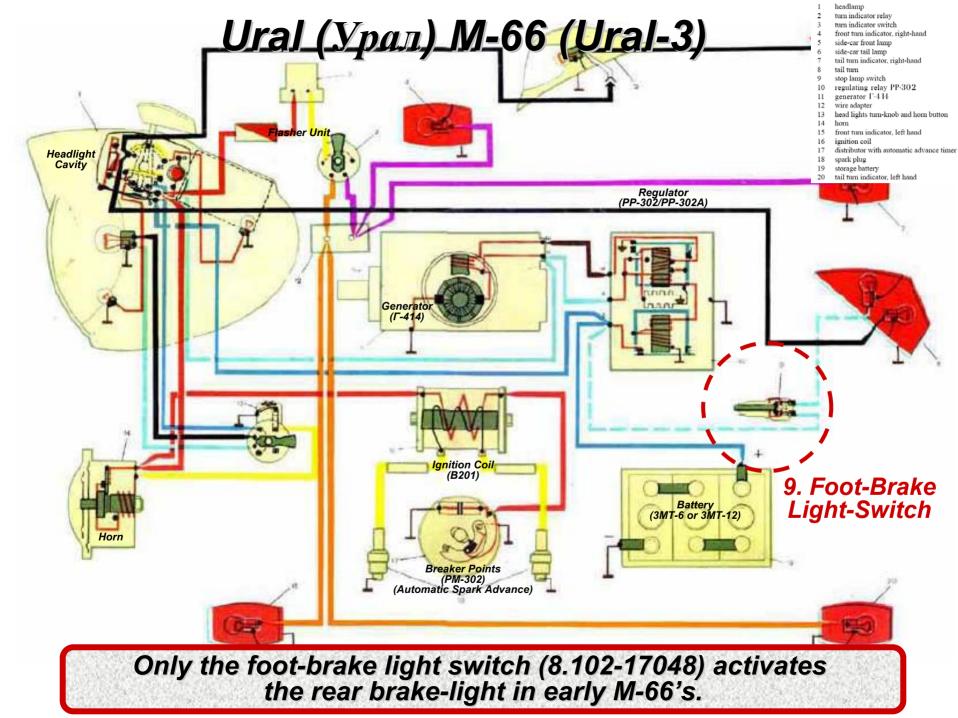


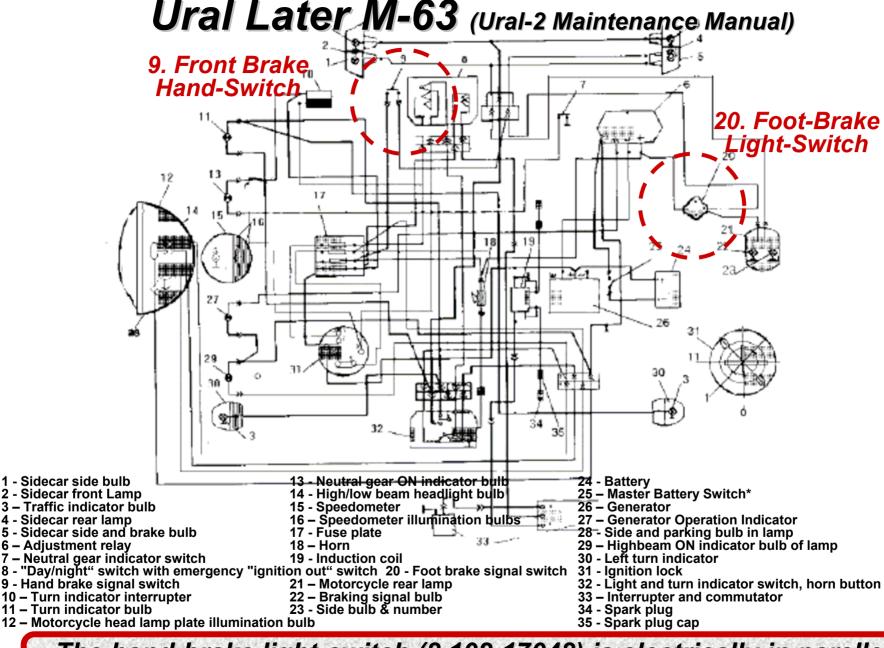




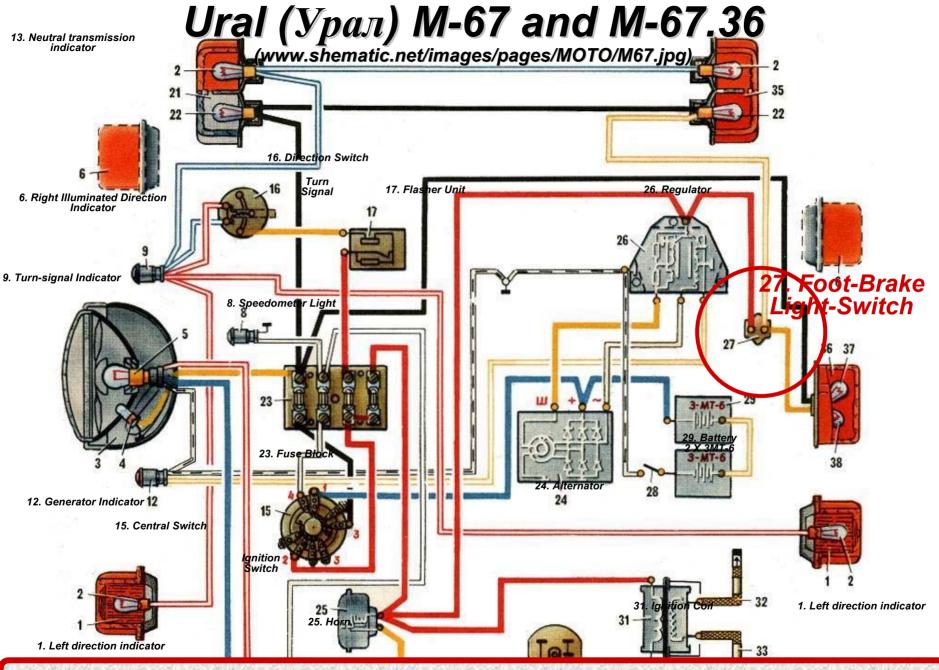


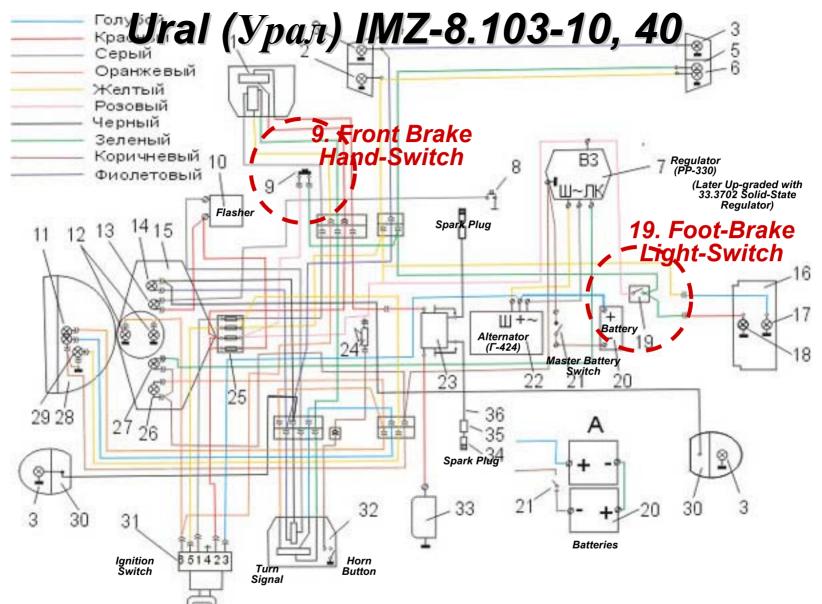
Only the foot-brake light switch (ВК854Б) activates the rear brake-light in the M-62, M-63 and early M-66.





The hand-brake light-switch (8.102-17048) is electrically in parallel with the foot-brake light switch (ВК854Б) in later M-63's.

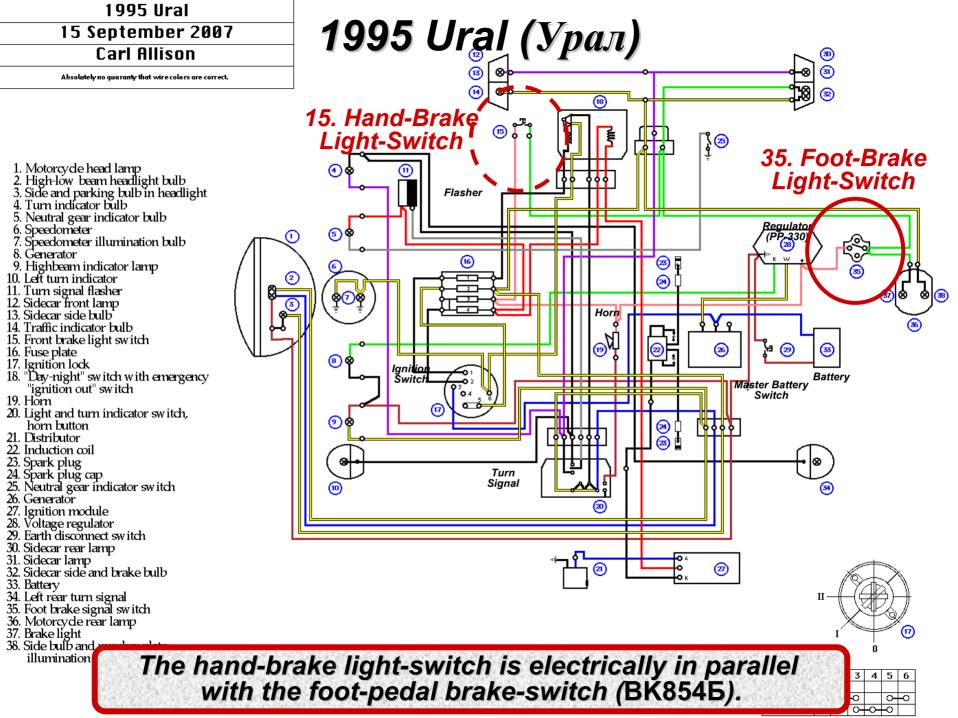


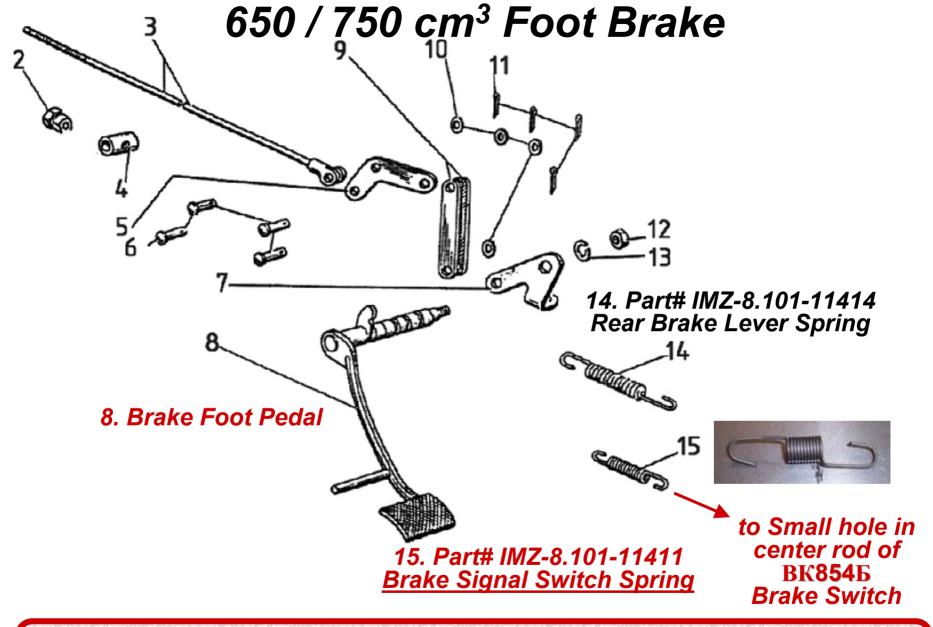


1-select "day-night" with ignition safety switch, 2-side marker light bulb on sidecar A12-8, 3-lamp indicators of A-12-21-3, 4-light front sidecar, 5-Rear sidecar, 6-bulb marker light and a braking signal in a wheelchair A12-212 5, 7-relays, lights, 8-contact (switch controls lamp neutral) 9-switch braking signal handbrake, 10-flashers, 11-driving lamp and low beam headlights A12-45 ±40, 12-illumination speedometer A12-1, 13-light control switch neutral A12-1; 14-lamp control indicators A12

rechargeable I headlight; 29-s spark plug; 35 The hand-brake light-switch is electrically in parallel with the foot-pedal brake-switch.

signal; 20-2-1, 28--chopper; 34-





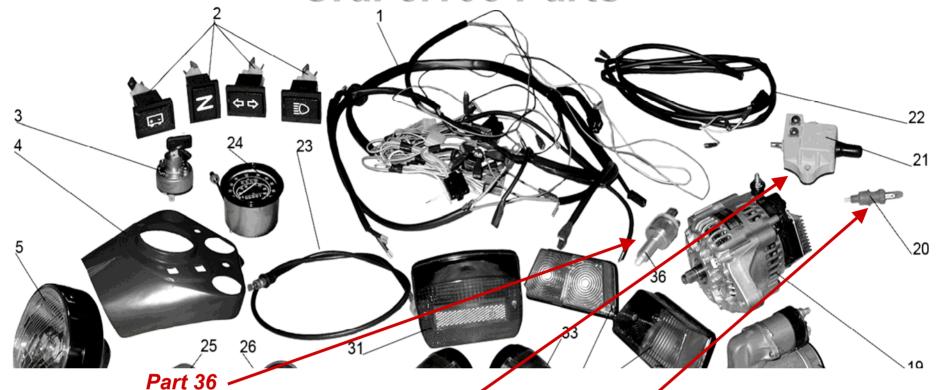
When the foot-pedal brake is applied, the switch spring stretches and moves the center rod of the switch, closing the electrical contacts and turning on the bike and sidecar brake-lights.

Ural (Урал) 8.103 (650/750) Parts Foot-Brake Light-Switch MM3-8.102-17048 Hand-Bráke MM3-8 177-17775-1 250511-1729 Light-Switch 252132-712 MM3-8 102-17004 MM3-8 101-17021-01 HM3-8 103-18834 252002-1129 220057-029 MM3-8303-17161-MM3-8 101-17127-01 MMS-8 103-1807F 22*0080-1129* MM3-0.103-18042* A12-21-3 252153-172 A12-5 MM3-8 103-17154-10 252003-029 MM3-8_102-18007 257153-112 -63N-1804B 250464-029 A12-21-3 HM3-8.103-17151 WM3-8 102-18045-01 252157-112 MM3-8.102-18056 MM3-8.103-17145-10 UM3-8.103-17150 UM3-8 103-08412 252153-72-UM3-8. 103-18013 TUM3-8.101-18001 MM3-8, 101-171140-10 IMZ-8.102-17048 Hand-Brake Signal-Switch 220078-029 250511-P29 Nut M8x1 250454-029 IMZ-8.103-18834 Cap MM3-8.103-18050 ATTIMES! 011407-77132-772 MM3-8.103-18021 120050-029 252153-112 252002-029 UM3-8.101-17010 220080-029 HH3-0 103-18003 KM3-8.101-17003-01> 250517-1729 252155-112 MM3-8.101-1800E-20 HM3-8 101-10010

The handlebar-brake light-switch (8.102-17048) is electrically in parallel with the foot-pedal brake-switch (ВК854Б).

6-0

Ural 8.103 Parts



'IMZ-8.102-17048: Rear Brake Signal Switch 'IMZ-8.1037-17048: Brake Stop Light Switch Front for Drum Brake (italian) 'IMZ-8.1037-17048-EU: Brake Stop Light Switch Italian for European Wire Harness 2007

'IMZ-8.101-17021-01: Rear Brake Signal Switch, Installed thru 1998 (ВК854Б) 'IMZ-8.101-17021-01: Rear Stop Lamp Switches until Model 2004 'IMZ-8.101-17127-01: Protection Cap for Brake Lamp Switch until Model 2004

'IMZ-8.1037-17048-2007: Handlebar Brake Signal Switch, Used for Brembo Master Cylinder 'IMZ-8.1037-1037-17048: Handlebar Brake Signal Switch, Drum Brakes Only

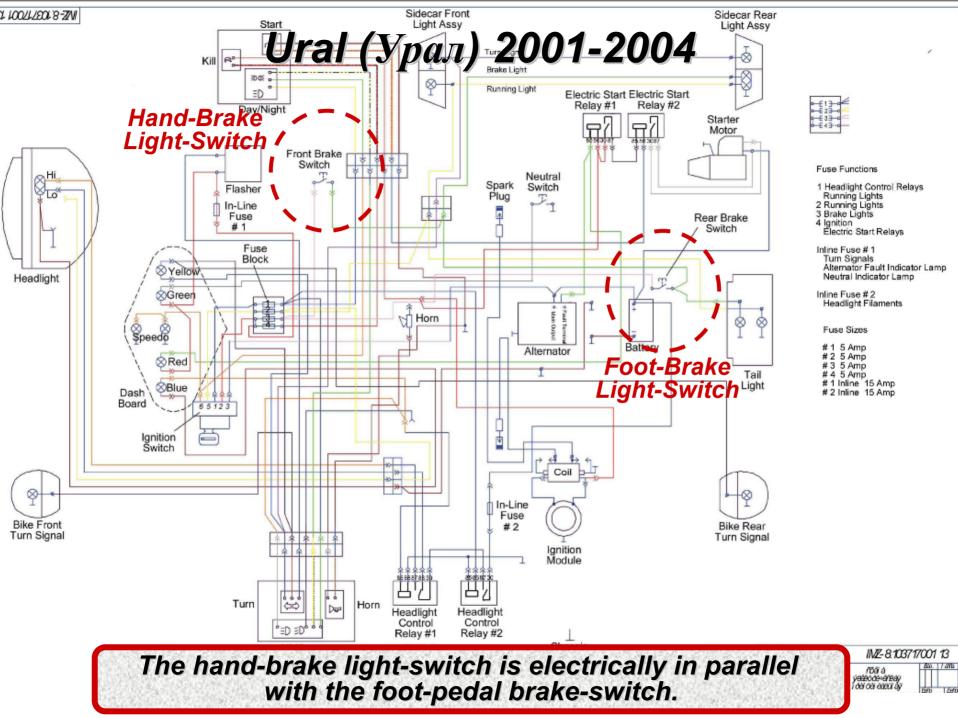
The hand-brake light-switch and foot-brake light switch were similar (IMZ-8.1037-17048) for a few years.

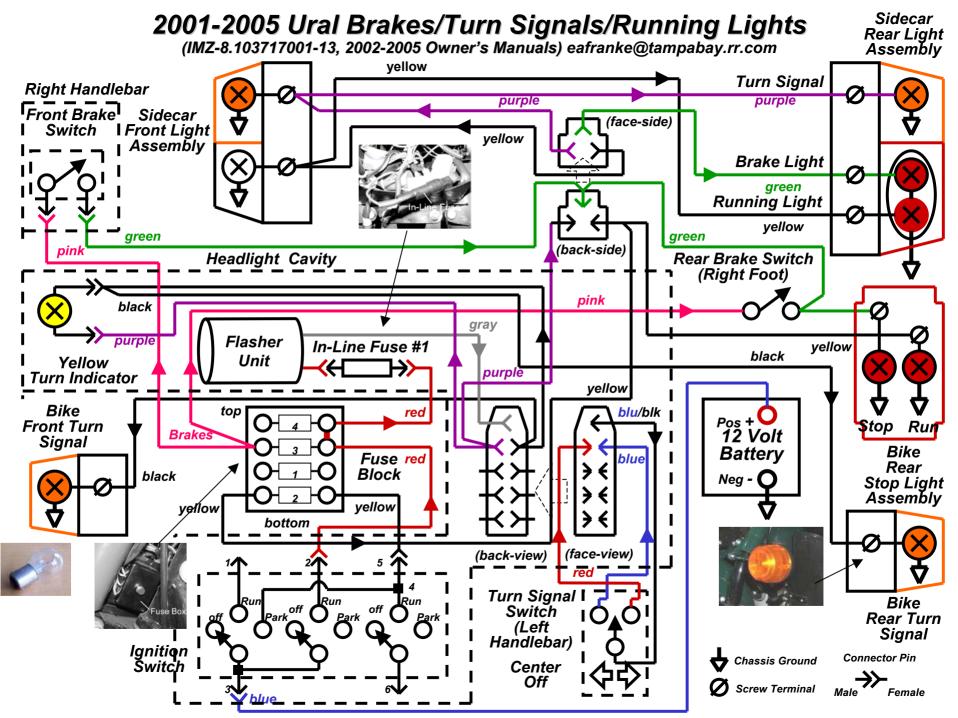
Switch for Brake-Light for disc brake

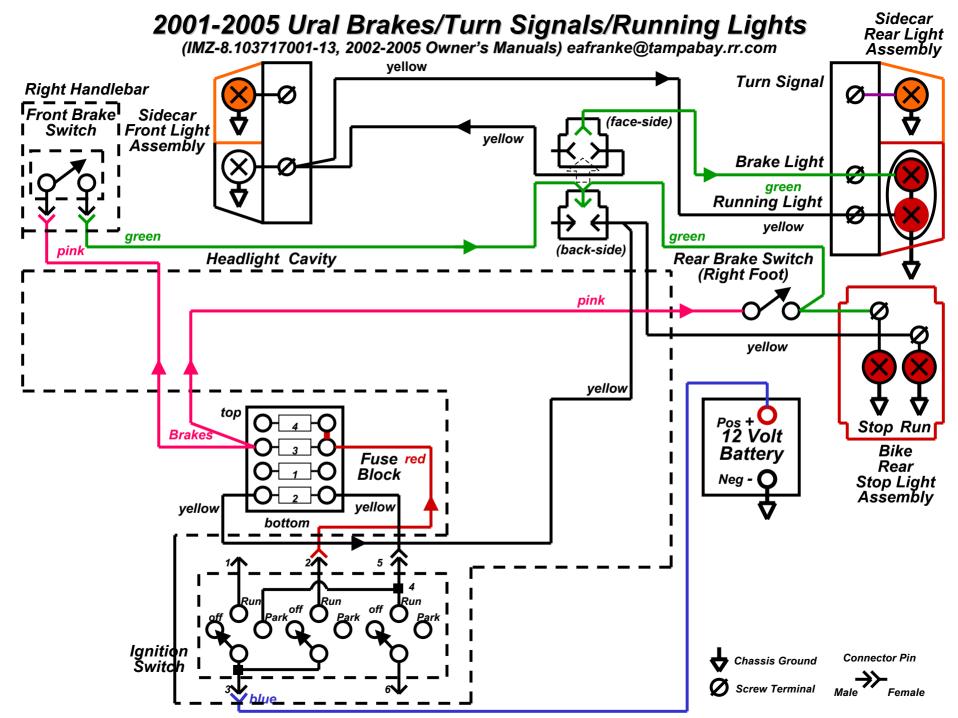
(www.f2motorcycles.ltd.uk)

- Handlebar Brake-Light (front) Signal-Switch
 - For Newer Ural 750s fitted with Brembo Front Disc Brakes
 - Just to confuse matters there are two slightly different types.
 - Part F23307/TO 2007
 - Part F23307/AFTER 2007

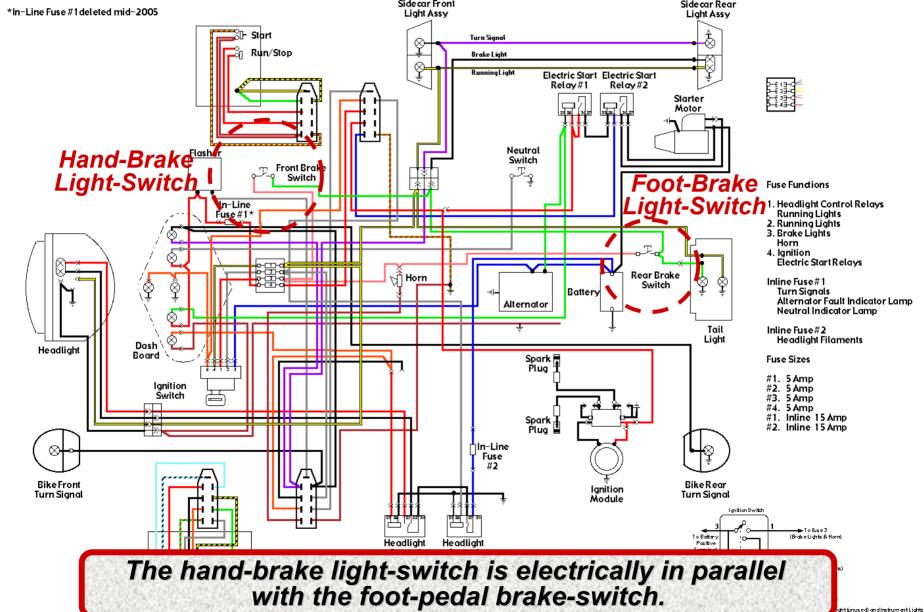


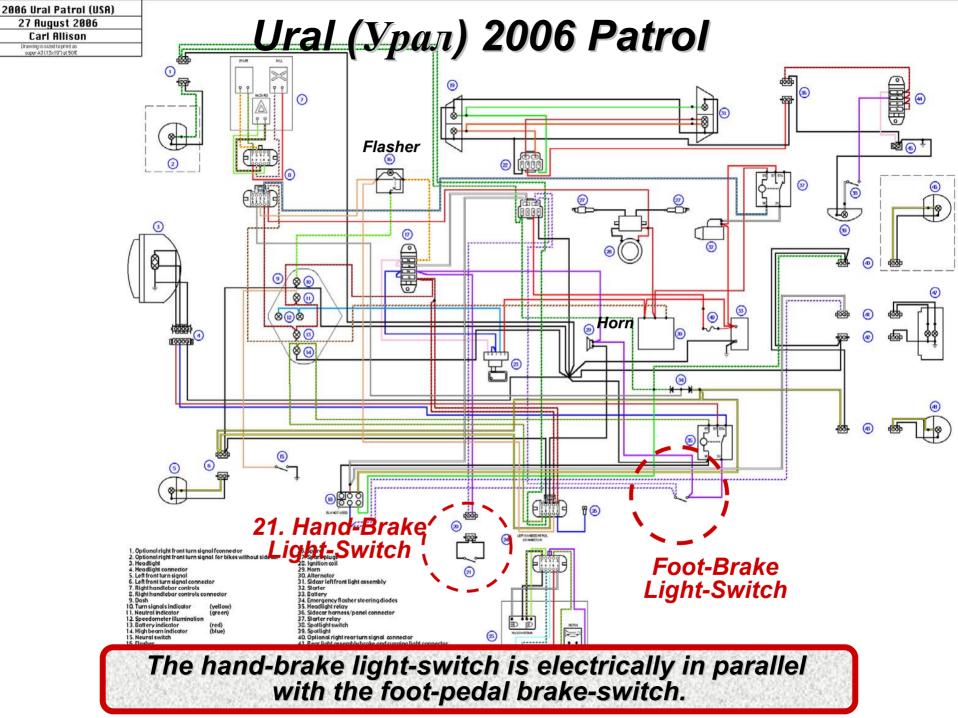




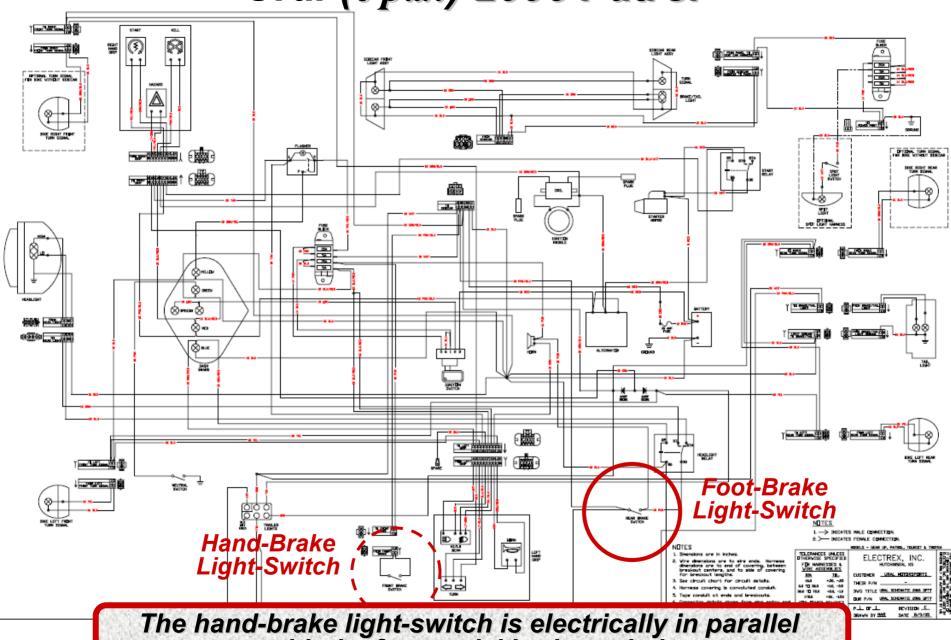


2005 Ural Patrol (USA) 23 March2006 Carl Allison Sidecar Front Sidecar Front Sidecar Rear

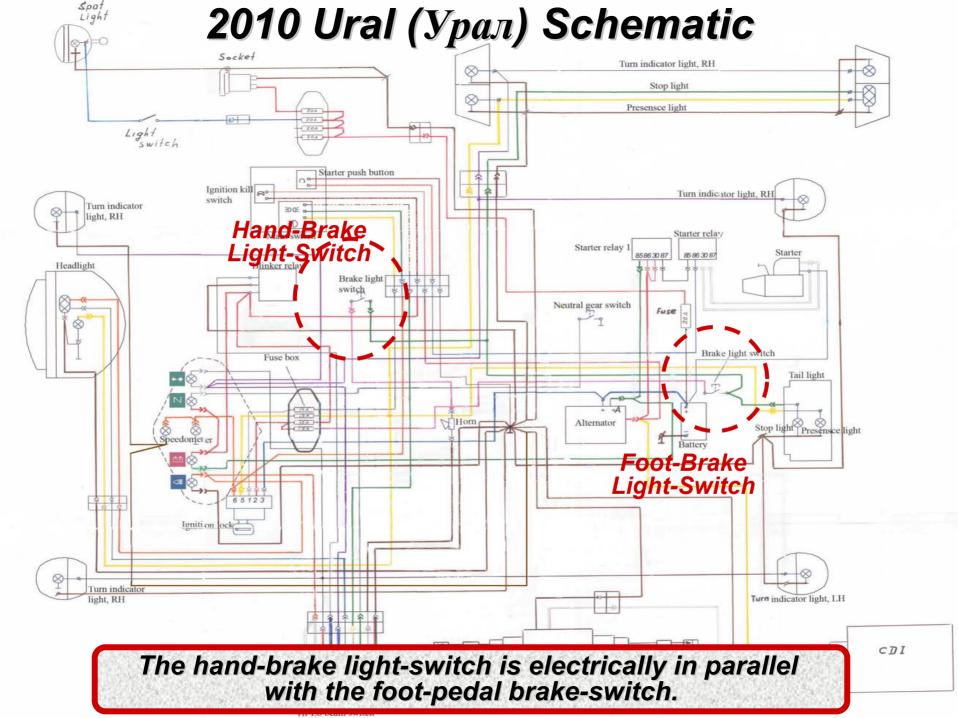




Ural (Урал) 2006 Patrol



with the foot-pedal brake-switch.



Brake-Light Visibility (Conspicuity)

- "I Never Saw the Motorcycle"
 - -Conspicuity Is What It's All About!
- Modern Motorcycles Employ Signal Lights for Numerous Turn, Brake, Driving, Parking and Fog Lights
- Brake Light Modulator
 - -Brake Light System Automatically Flashes Brake Light to Capture Attention of Following Drivers
 - -Extremely Visible to Other Traffic
 - Pulses Brake-Light Signal
 - Significantly More Noticeable because Brake Light Modulates Three Short Flashes Followed by One Steady-On Pulse of Four Seconds
 - -More Visible While Braking and While Stopped at Stoplights
 - Pattern Automatically Repeats Itself as Long as Brakes Are Applied
 - -Modulator Wires into Tail Lamp Circuitry

Multiple vendors offer brake-light modulators to increase conspicuity (visibility) to other drivers.

Light Emitting Diode (LED) - Brake and Rear (www.f2motorcycles.ltd.uk)

- Multiple Vendors Offer LED Replacement Lamps
 - -LED Cluster Directly Replaces Standard Stop and Tail Light-Bulb
 - -Reacts Quicker than Standard Incandescent Bulb
 - Helps Reaction Time of Driver Behind
 - -Withstand Much Greater Vibration
 - · Lasts Much Longer than Standard Incandescent Bulbs
 - -Draws less than 1-Amp
 - Really Useful if Low Output from an Old Generator/Alternator
 - -Super Bright White Can Be Used with Standard Red Rear Lens
- ·Caveat Emptor "Let the Buyer Beware"
 - -Purchase High-Quality Cluster Units
 - -Replace the Lamp Socket with Insulated Board of Multiple Clusters



In order to minimize current and heat density in LED's, multiple diodes (cluster) are arranged in parallel to spread the heat, yielding a large, bright-red braking signal.

LED Classic License Frame (pashnit.com and customdynamics.com)

- LED (Light Emitting Diode) Give Greater Visibility and Conspicuity
- Function in Both High and Low Intensity Brightness
- · Brilliant Mirror Chrome or Black Powder Coat Finish
- Dimensions:
 - -"Standard" Fits 49 States License Plates (7-3/16" x 4-1/4")
 - -Measurement from Center-to-Center is 5-3/4" x 2-3/4"



Single LED Light Bar



Dual LED Light Bars

Multiple vendors are available on the web to supply license-plate frames with LED light-bars for added visibility.